

USB to RS-232 / RS-422 / RS-485 Adapter

User's Manual

UTS-31TB & UTS-31DB



UTS-31TB



UTS-31DB

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1. Introduction

The USB to serial interface adapter offers an easy way to connect a serial device to a USB port. All configuration and electrical interface selections are handled through the driver, eliminating the need to open the enclosure to set jumpers or switches. The serial port is software configurable for RS-232, RS-422, and RS-485 with the electrical interface settings maintained locally, allowing the host computer to be repaired or upgraded without reconfiguring the serial port. Additionally, the adapter can be configured at one computer and deployed to other computers.

Features

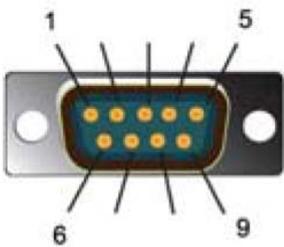
- Full compliance with the USB Specification 2.0 & 1.1
- The AP change mode function is only compatible with Windows OS. To function the product on Mac OS or Linux OS, please set the mode you need first on Windows OS, then to apply on Mac or Linux OS.
- Bus powered, no external power required
- RS-422 / RS-485 supports 32 Node on the network
- High data rate up to 230 kbps (RS-232) ~ 3 M Baud Rate (RS-422 or RS-485)
- RS-422 / RS-485 are $\pm 15\text{kV}$ HBM ESD Protected
- Compatible with Windows OS 98SE / ME / 2000 / XP / Vista / 7 / 8 , Windows Server 2003 / 2008 / 2008R2 / 2012 / 2012R2, Win CE OS and Mac OS 8.6 , Linux OS 1.5.0 or higher

Specification:

Model No.		UTS-31TB	Terminal Block Pin Assignment			
			RS-232		RS-422	RS-485
			Pin No.	Definition	Definition	Definition
Chip		FTDI	1	RXD	TX+	D+
Data Rate	RS-232	230 Kbps	2		TX-	D-
	RS-422/ RS-485	3M Baud Rate	3	TXD	RX+	
LED		3	4		RX-	
Connector	Host	USB Type A Male	5	GND	GND	GND
	Device	5 Pin Terminal Block				
USB Specification		USB 1.1 / 2.0 compliant				
Housing		Plastic				
Dimension (L x W x H)		66 x 39 x 20 mm				
Power Mode		Bus powered				



Model No.		UTS-31DB	DB-9 Male Pin Assignment			
			RS-232		RS-422	RS-485
Chip		FTDI	Pin No.	Definition	Definition	Definition
Data Rate	RS-232	230 Kbps	1	DCD	RX-	
	RS-422/ RS-485	3M Baud Rate	2	RXD	TX+	D+
LED		3	3	TXD	RX+	
Connector	Host	USB Type A Male	4	DTR	CTS-	
	Device	DB-9 Male	5	GND	GND	GND
USB Specification		USB 1.1 / 2.0 compliant	6	DSR	TX-	D-
Housing		Plastic	7	RTS	RTS+	
Dimension (L x W x H)		66 x 39 x 20 mm	8	CTS	CTS+	
Power Mode		Bus powered	9	RI	RTS-	



2. Installation

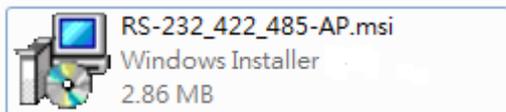
To install the RS-232_422_485 AP software, please confirm the points below:

- a. The demo steps are operated on Windows
- b. Make sure that Microsoft .NET Framework 4 version is installed on your computer
To download it, please visit its official website:
<http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/confirmation.aspx?id=24872>
- c. Install the program with administrator privileges.
- d. Make sure the device driver is installed.

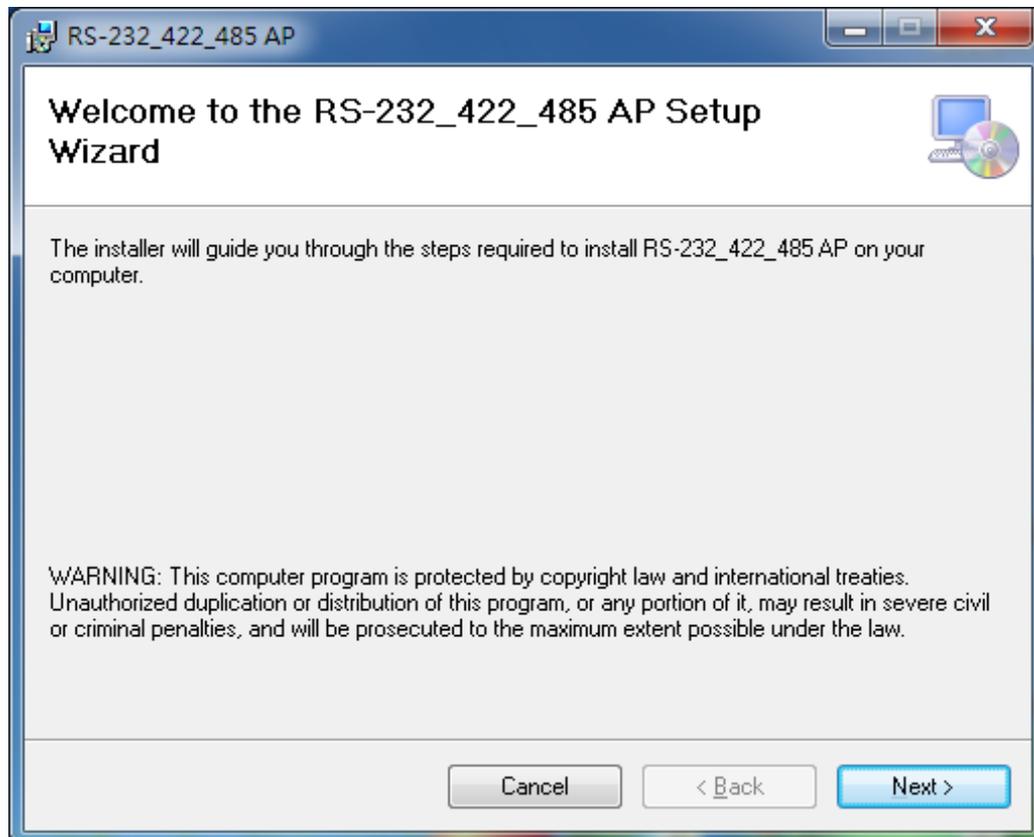
Note:
FTDI Chip drivers can be downloaded and setup with Windows OS 2000 or higher by Windows Update. To update drivers, please unload old version, then re-plug device, Windows Update will detect and update automatically. (Above requires internet connected). Any unknown problem while installing, please install the driver from CD, you can refer to pages after p.12

Steps:

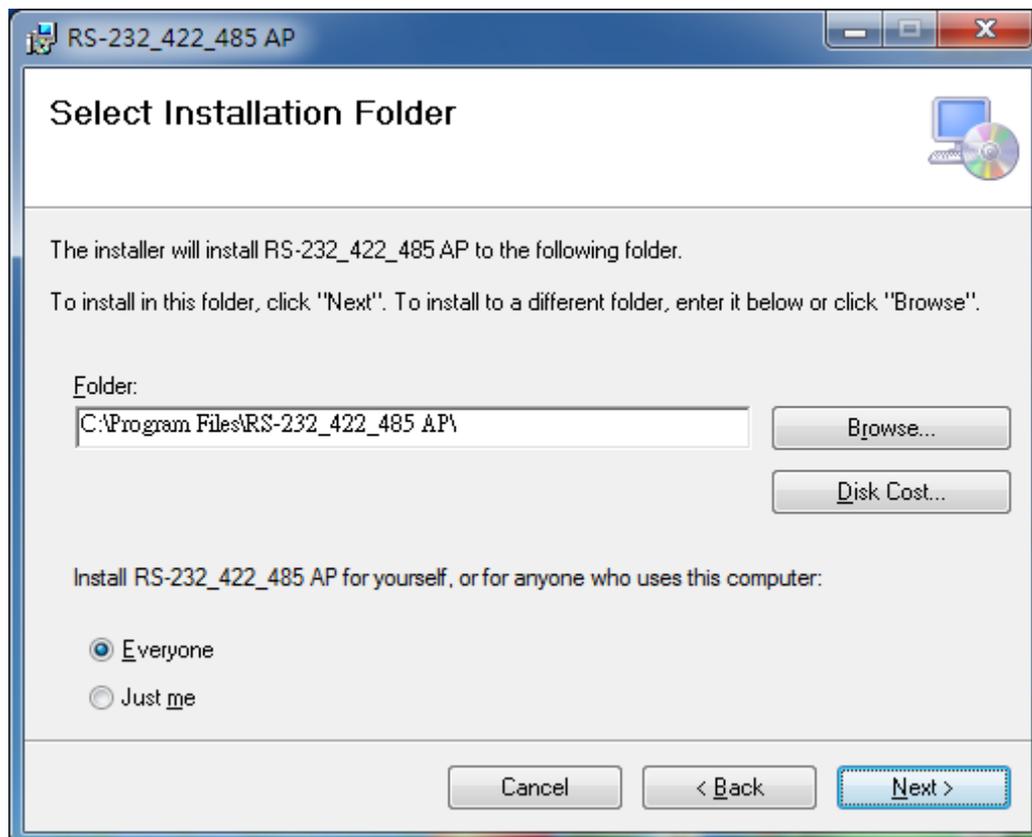
1. Double click the **RS-232_422_485-AP.msi** to install



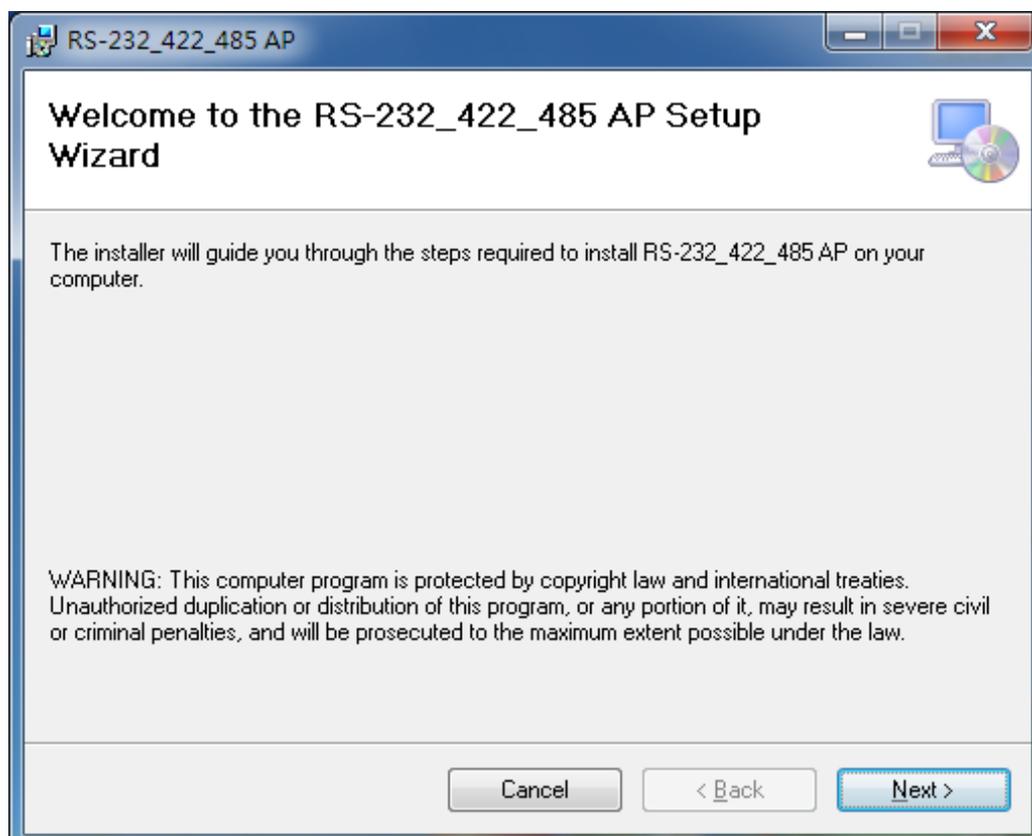
2. Click **“Next”** to continue



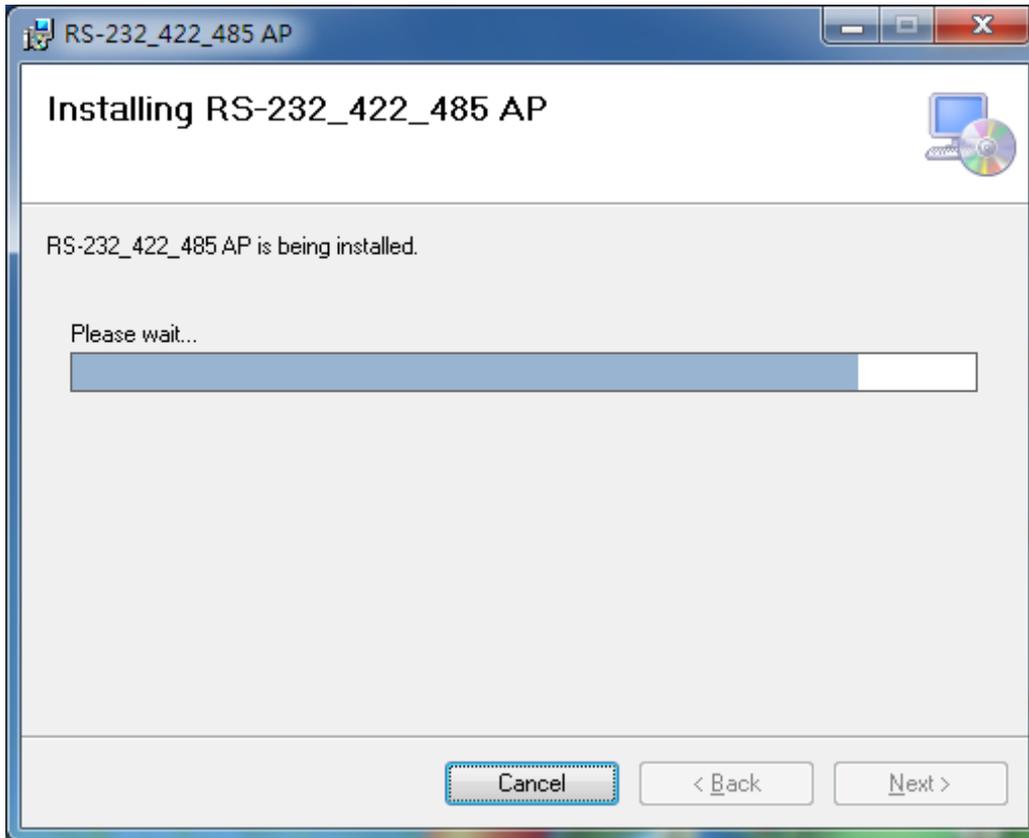
3. Select install folder or use default, click **“Next”** to continue.



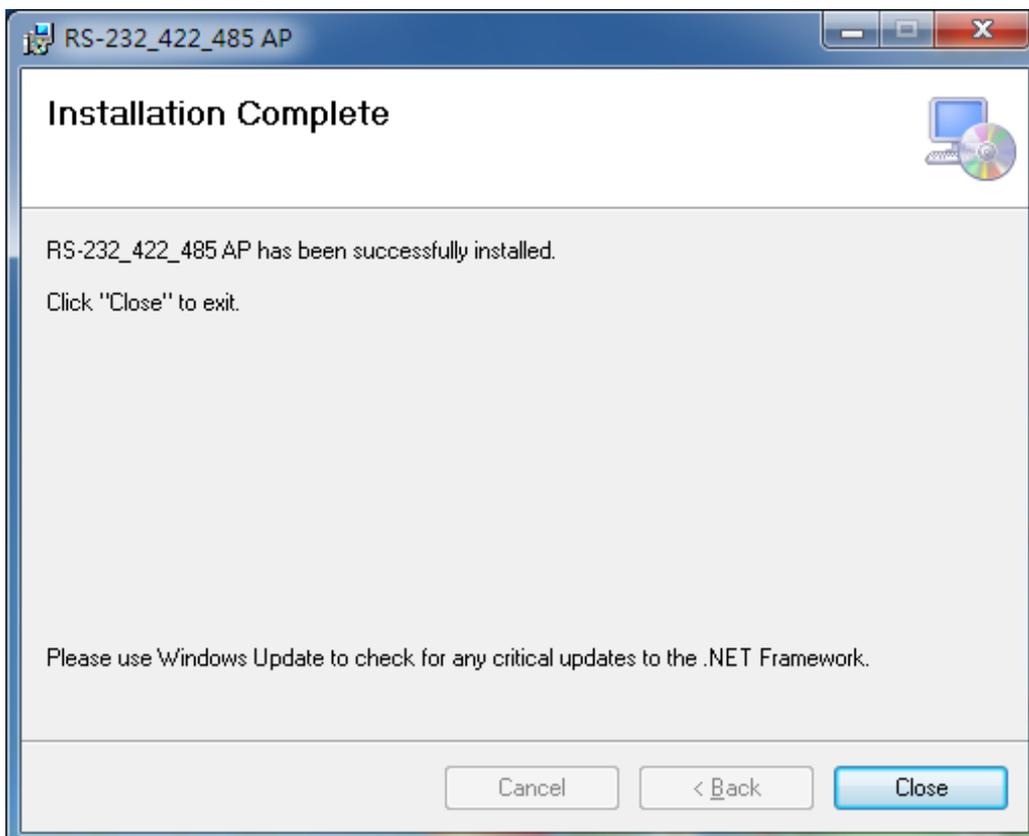
4. Click **“Next”** to start installation



5. Please wait 2~3 min until the installation is completed



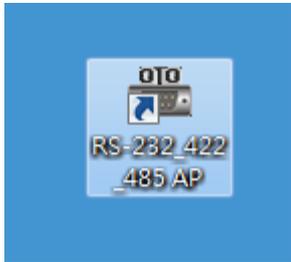
6. Click "**Close**" to exit.



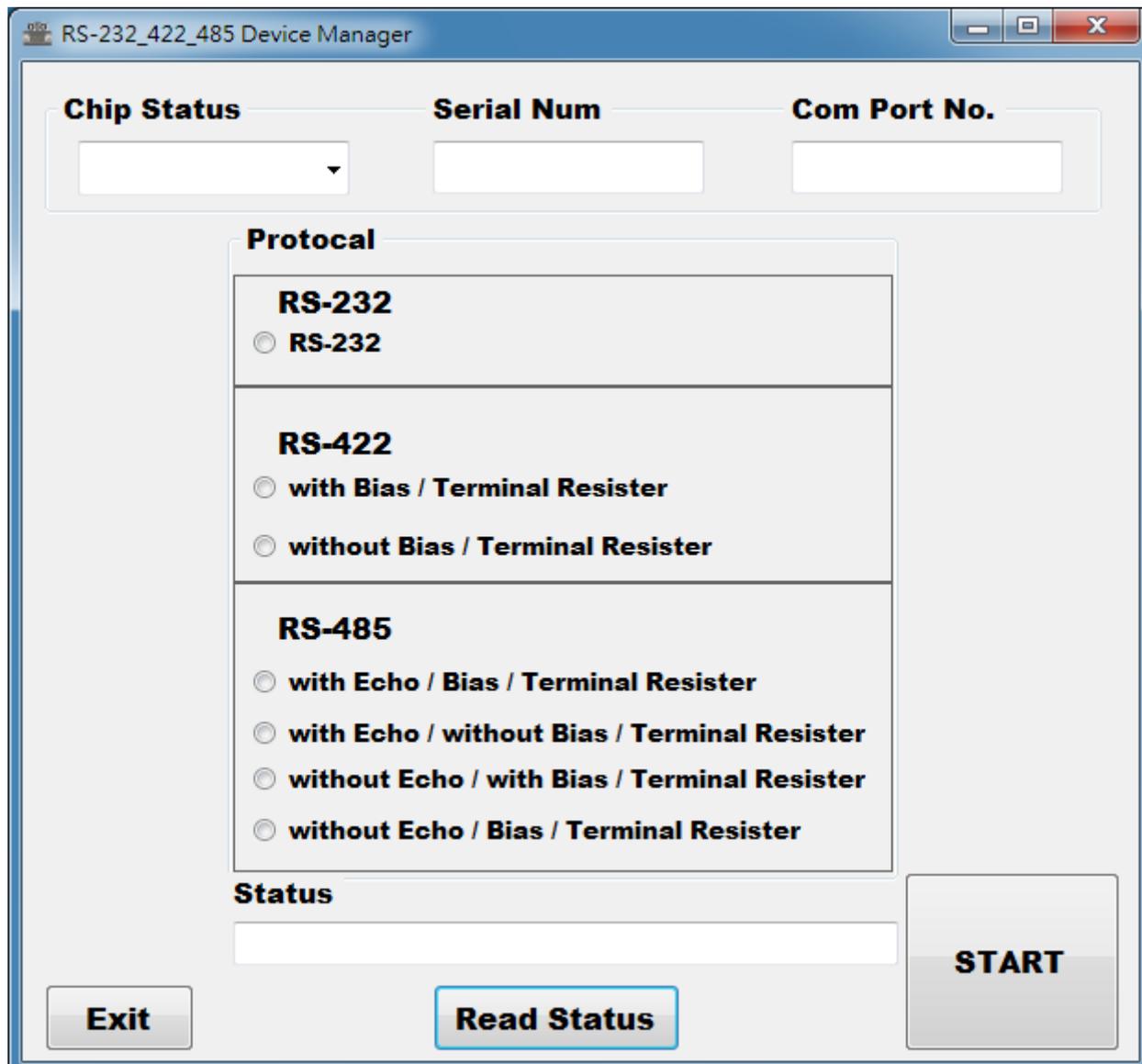
3. RS-232-422-485 Application Operation

“RS-232-422-485 AP Logo” Icon should appear on the desktop, double click it to start

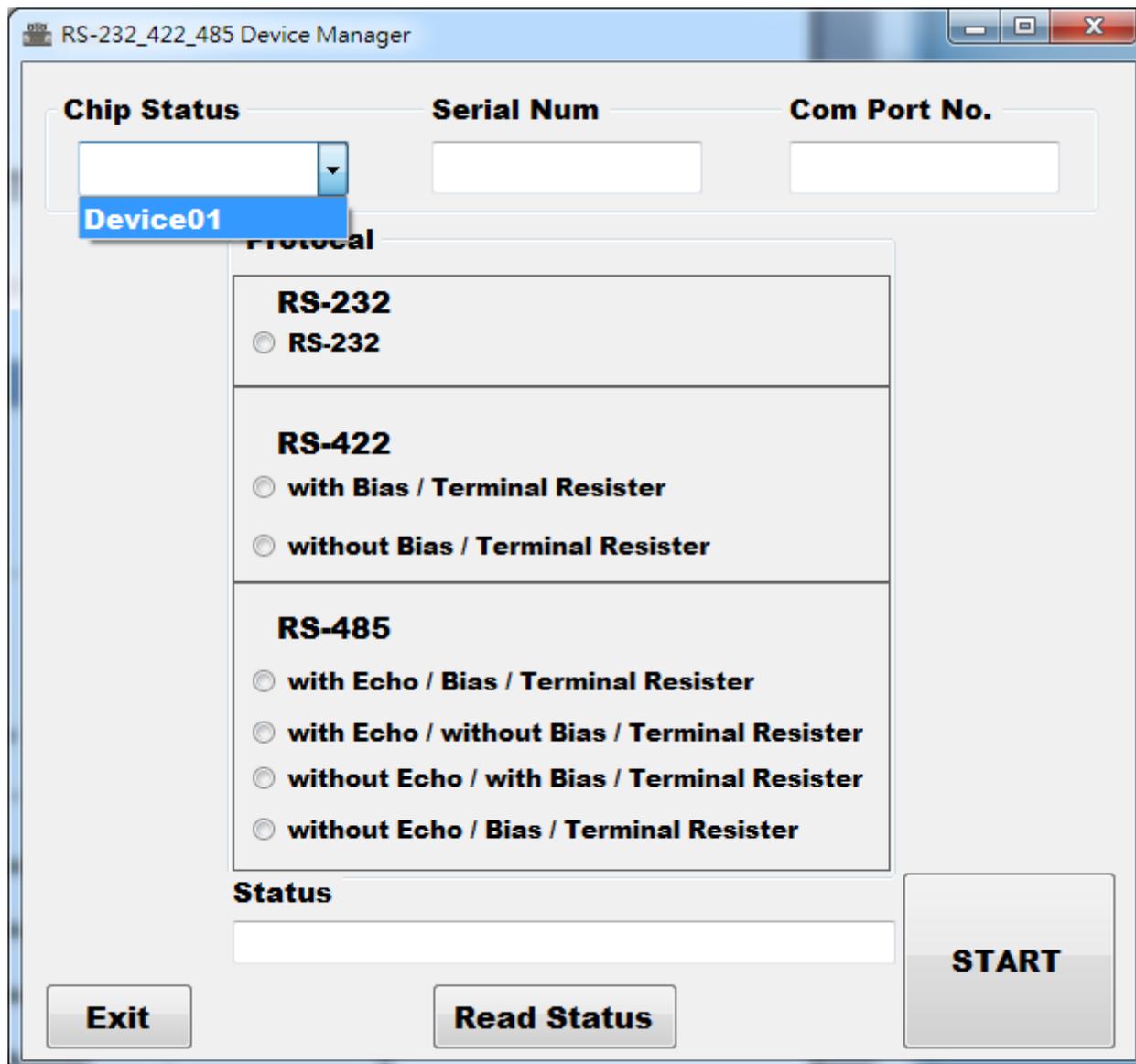
(Please refer to pages after p.12 to the installation of unit driver)



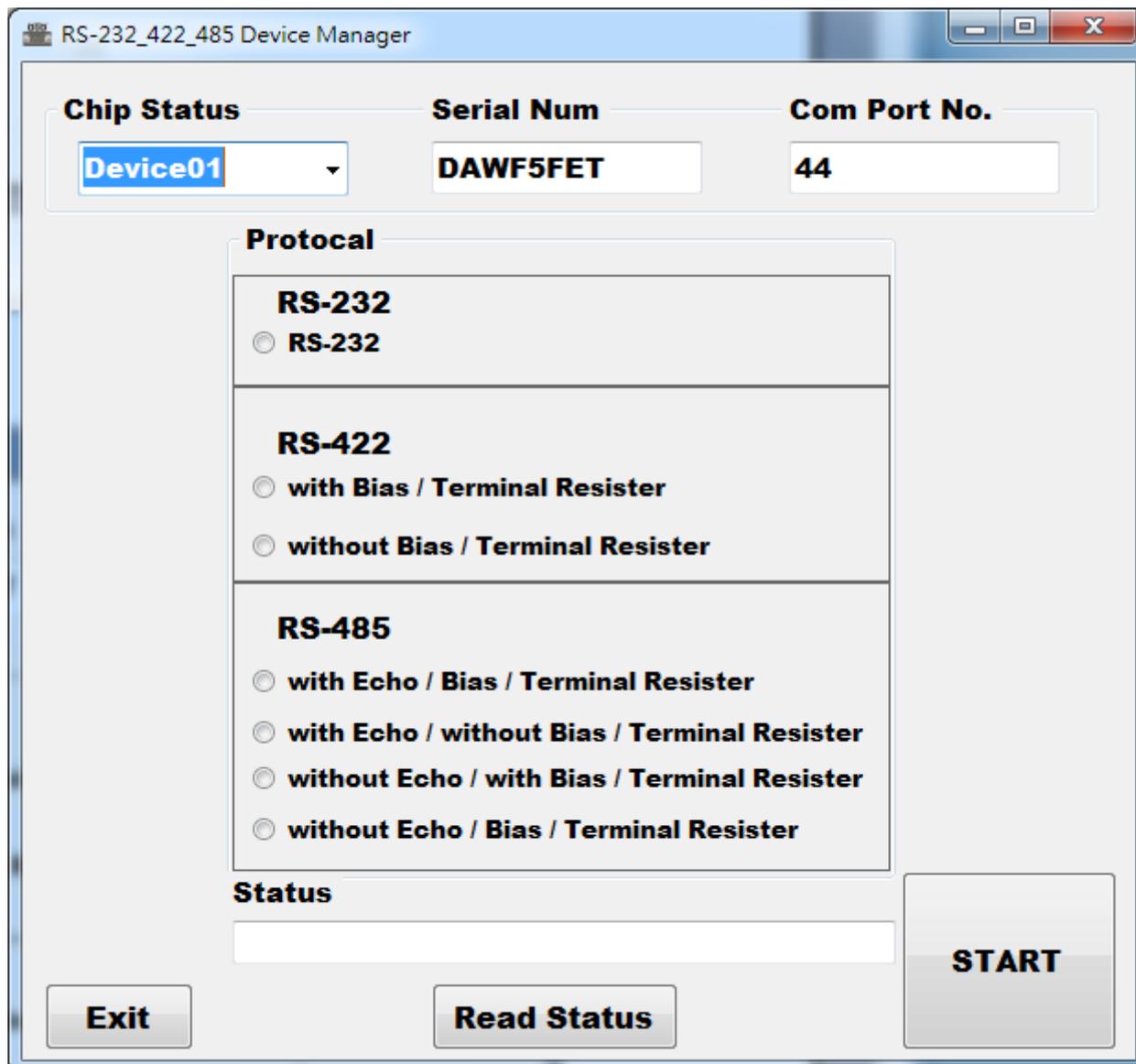
1. After RS-232-422-485 Device Manager window appears, connect RS-232 / 422 / 485 device



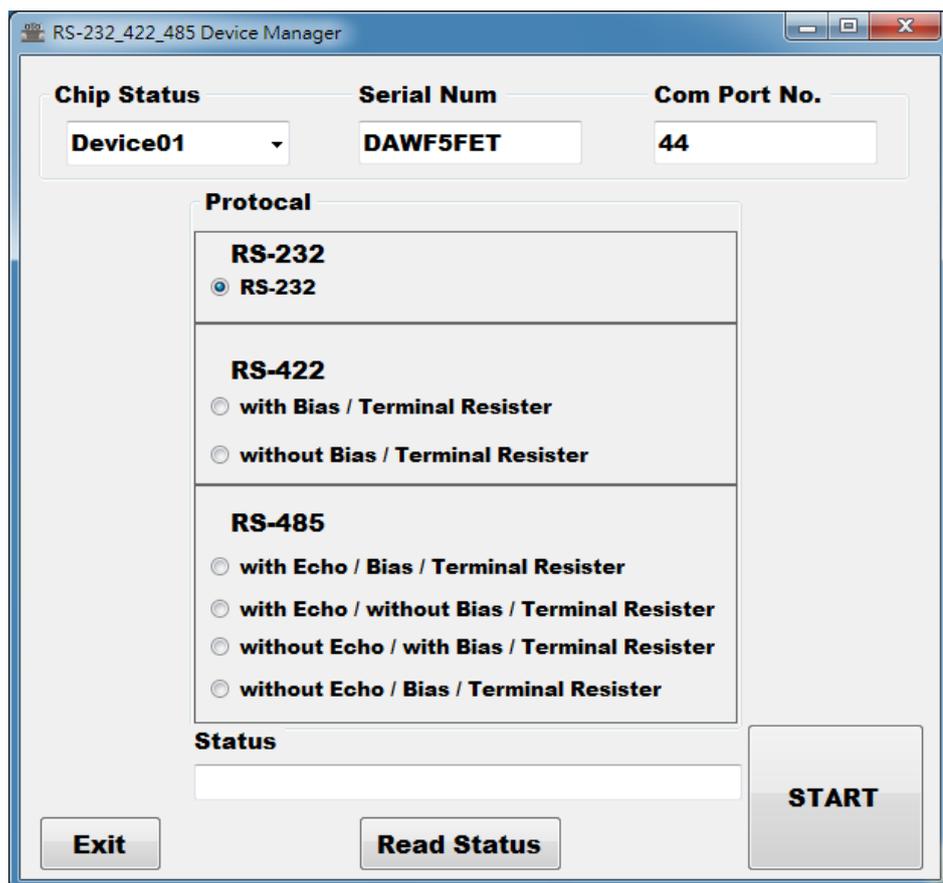
2. **RS-232-422-485 Device Manager** will detect all **RS-232 / 422 / 485** devices connected to the PC, click Chip Status drop down to select device.



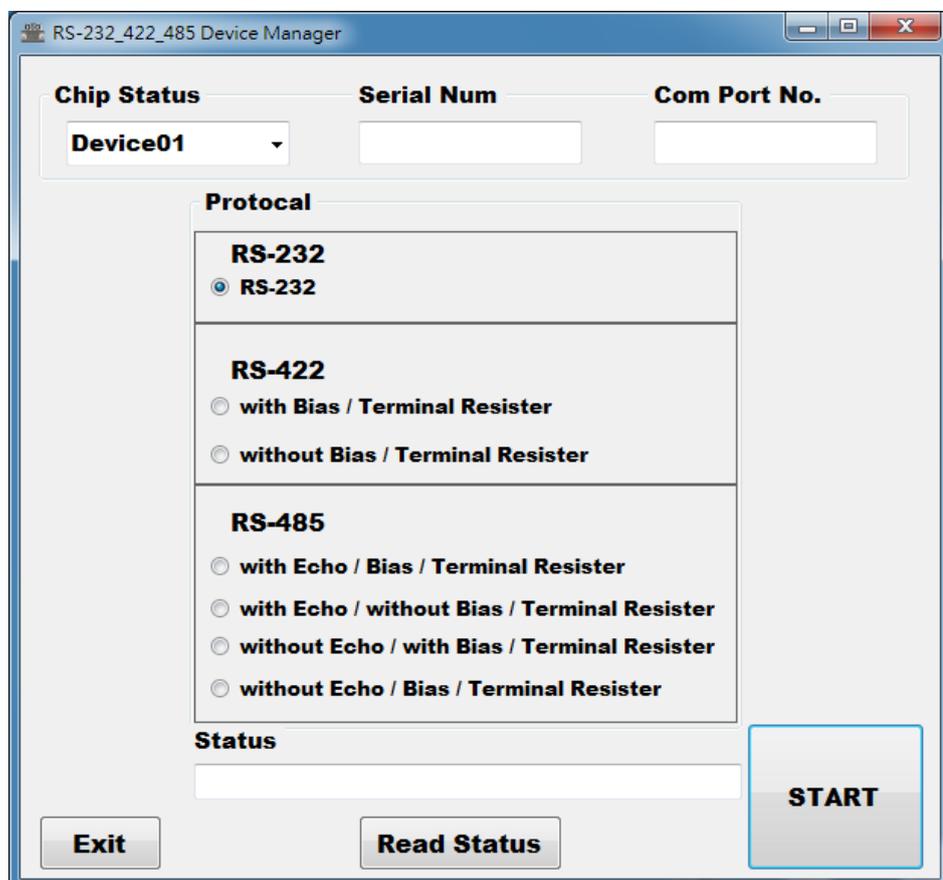
3. Please confirm selected Device and its Serial No. before selecting different applications. Only one application can be set to a device.



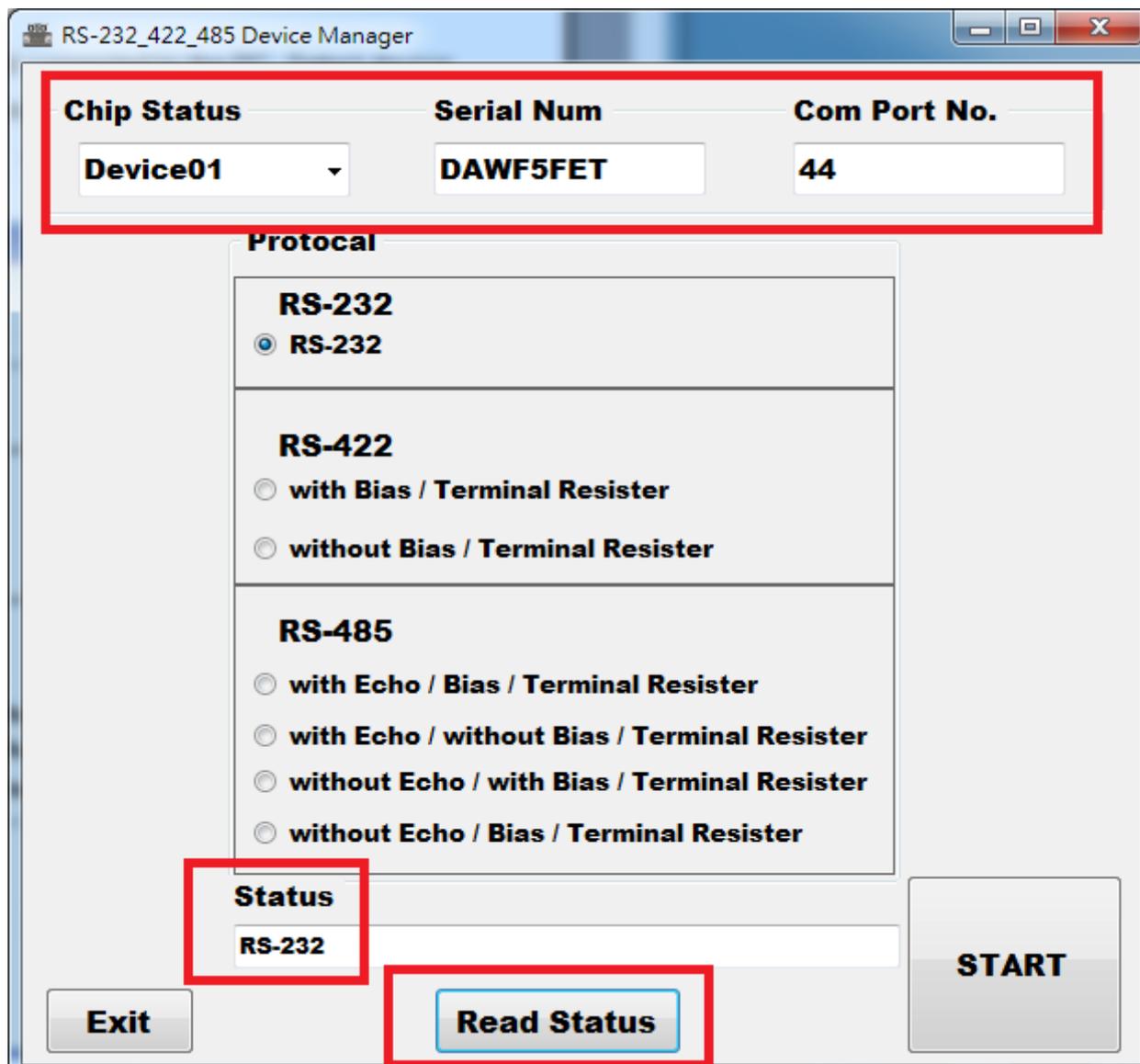
4. Click “Prog EEPROM” for RS-232 / 422 / 485 device application setting.



5. Wait until LOC ID and Serial No. appear blank to suggest the device has been set successfully.

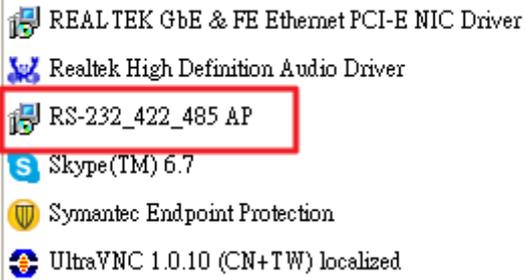


6. To confirm device application setting, while **RS-232 / 422 / 485** is still connected to the PC, Select device again then click "**Read Status**" Then the blanks of Chip Status will appear LOC ID No., Serial No. and Status argument. The protocol will show the application of device at present.

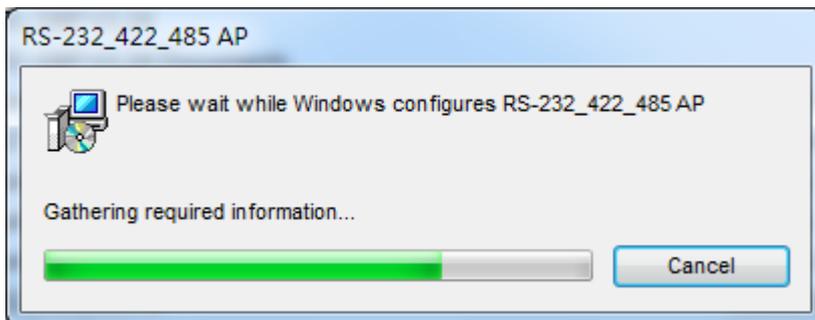


4. Uninstall

1. Enter “**Control Panel Add or Remove Programs**” locate **RS-232-422-485 AP** and double click it.



2. Click “**Yes**” to delete,



5. Driver Installation

Windows 98SE Installation Guide

If a device of the same type has been installed on your machine before and the drivers that are about to be installed are different from those installed already, the original drivers need to be uninstalled. Please refer to the uninstalling instruction.

Download the latest available drivers from the FTDI website and unzip them to a location on your PC.

Connect the device to a spare USB port on your PC. This will launch the Windows Add New Hardware Wizard. Windows may display a message reading "Building driver database" at this point which may take a few minutes to pass. Click "Next" to proceed with the installation.



Select "Search for the best driver for your device. (Recommended)." as shown below and then click "Next".



Check the box next to "Specify a location" and uncheck all others as shown below. Click "Browse" and locate the driver files. Once the files have been located, click "Next" to proceed with the installation.



Windows may display a message reading "Building driver database" at this point which may take a few minutes to pass. Once Windows has found the required files, click "Next" to install the device.



If the driver being installed does not have Microsoft WHQL signature files (.CAT files), the wizard will request a driver disk to attempt to find them. Click "OK" on the "Insert Disk" message box.



The following window will appear to assist in locating the file. To proceed with the installation without the .CAT file, click "Skip File".



If the driver being installed is Microsoft WHQL certified, then the .CAT files will be located with the other driver files and should be installed automatically.

Windows should then display a message indicating that the installation of the serial converter driver was successful. The COM port emulation driver must now be installed. Click "Finish" to complete the installation of the serial converter and proceed to the COM port emulation driver.



Under Windows 98SE, the COM port emulation driver will be automatically installed from the same location as the serial converter driver. However, if the driver is not WHQL certified as explained above for the serial converter driver, the wizard will ask for the location of .CAT files. Click "OK" on the "Insert Disk" message box.

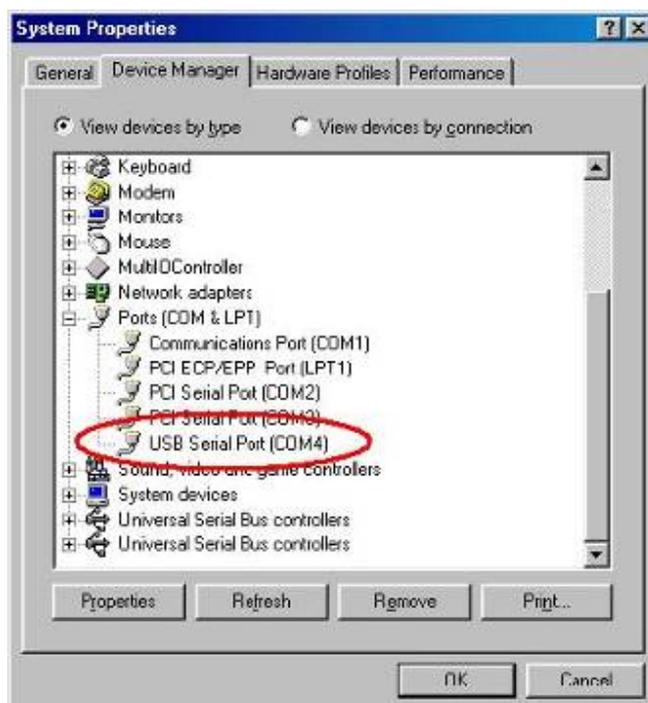


The following window will appear to assist in locating the file. To proceed with the installation without the .CAT file, click "Skip File".



If the driver being installed is Microsoft WHQL certified, then the .CAT files will be located with the other driver files and should be installed automatically.

Open the Device Manager (located in "Control Panel\System" then select the ""Device Manger" tab) and select "View devices by type". The device appears as an additional COM port with the label "USB Serial Port".



Please note:

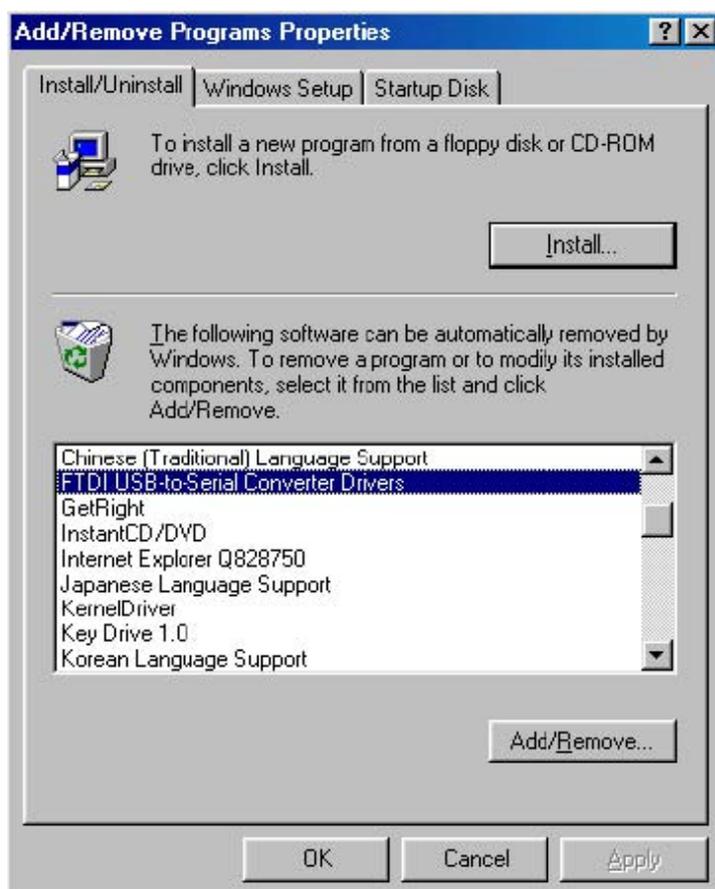
1. For multiple-port converter, each port has to be installed with the driver individually, i.e. you have to repeat this installation procedure 2 times (2-port converter) or 4 times (for 4-port converter).
2. If you have any difficulties with the drivers we provided in this CD, you may download the updated or appropriate versions from FTDI Web site:
www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/VCP.htm, supported device "FT232BL(M)".

Uninstalling Instruction

To uninstall drivers, follow the instructions below:

Disconnect any devices that are attached to the PC.

Open the Add/Remove Programs utility located in "Control Panel\Add/Remove Programs". Select "FTDI USB-Serial Converter Drivers" from the list of installed programs.



Click the "Add/Remove" button. This will run the FTDI uninstaller program. Click "Continue" to run the uninstaller or "Cancel" to exit.



When the uninstaller has finished removing the device from the system, the caption on the "Cancel" button will change to "Finish". Click "Finish" to complete the process.



Troubleshooting

1. Windows 98SE cannot find drivers for my device

This error can occur if the VID and PID programmed into the device EEPROM do not match those listed in the INF files for the driver. The VID and PID programmed into the device EEPROM may be found by using the USBView utility from the FTDI website. These can then be checked against the VID and PID entries in the driver INF files. If they do not match, that driver cannot be installed the VID and PID entries in the driver INF files. If they do not match, that driver cannot be installed for that device without either re-programming the device EEPROM or modifying the list of VID and PID numbers in the INF files. Please note that only your own company VID and PID or FTDI's VID (0x0403) and FTDI PID issued for use by your company should be used in the EEPROM and INF/INI files.

2. Windows 98SE forces a reboot after installing a device

This problem can occur if an application is accessing a file while the New Hardware Wizard is trying to copy it. This usually occurs with the FTD2XX.DLL file. If installing a D2XX device, selecting not to restart the computer then unplugging and re-plugging the device may allow the device to function properly without restarting. Restarting the machine will allow the device to work correctly.

3. Driver installation fails and Windows 98SE gives error code 10

Windows error code 10 indicates a hardware error or failed driver installation. This error may appear if a device has insufficient power to operate correctly (e.g. plugged into a bus powered hub with other devices), or may indicate a more serious hardware problem. Also, it may be indicative of USB root hub drivers being incorrectly installed. Please refer to the example schematics on the FTDI website for standard device configurations. If the error persists, please contact the FTDI support department.

4. Device hangs randomly during operation under Windows 98SE

This is not caused by the driver, but is a hardware compatibility problem. Some newer USB 2.0 hubs and host controllers can be susceptible to noise and can cause random device failures. This can be overcome by fitting 47pF capacitors to ground on the USB DP and USB DM lines on the USB connector side of the 27W series resistors.

5. Windows 98SE complains about missing .CAT files

Files with the .cat extension are signature files issued by Microsoft that indicate a device driver is WHQL certified. If a driver is not certified, there will be no .cat files available. When installing drivers in Windows 98SE or Windows ME, the user is prompted to locate the .cat files if the operating system cannot find them. If the driver is not certified but you wish to install it anyway, the files may be skipped by clicking the "Skip" button.

6. Windows 98SE complains about missing ftccomms.vxd file

This can occur when the USB Composite driver has been installed if the user has not browsed to the location of the driver files. If this message appears, do not skip it but browse to the driver file location. The wizard will then be able to correctly install the device.

Windows 2000 Installation Guide

If a device of the same type has been installed on your machine before and the drivers that are about to be installed are different from those installed already, the original drivers need to be uninstalled. Please refer to the uninstalling instruction.

Download the latest available drivers from the FTDI web site and unzip them to a location on your PC.

Connect the device to a spare USB port on your PC. Once the composite driver has been installed the Found New Hardware Wizard will launch. Click "Next" to proceed with the installation.



Select "Search for a suitable driver for my device (recommended)" as shown below and then click "Next".

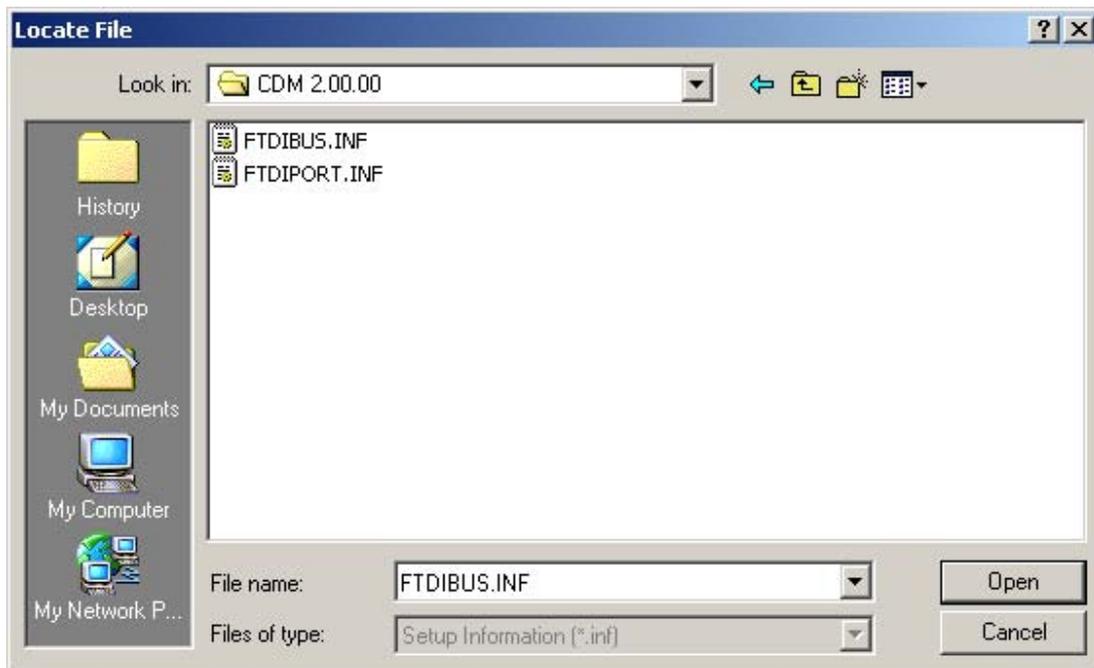


Check the box next to "Specify a location" and uncheck all others as shown below. Clicking "Next" displays a dialog box for you to enter to the location of the drivers.





Click "Browse" to display an open file dialog box.



Locate the folder containing the latest drivers downloaded from the FTDI web site above and click "Open", then click "OK". The PC auto selects the correct INF file, in this case FTDIBUS.INF.

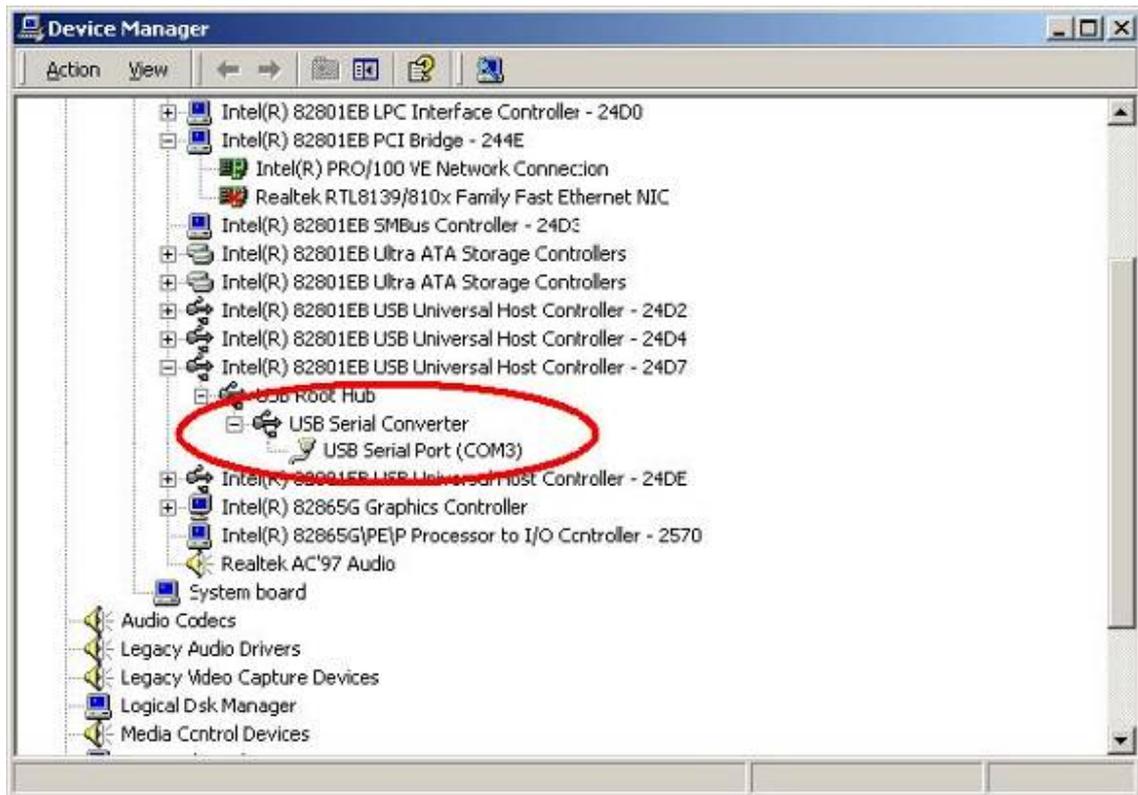
Once Windows has found the required driver .INF file, click "Next" to proceed.



Windows should then display a message indicating that the installation was successful. Click "Finish" to complete the installation for the serial converter driver for this port of the device. The COM port emulation driver must be installed after this has completed.



By examining the Device Manager (located in "Control Panel\System" then select the "Hardware" tab and click "Device Manger...") and viewing by connection ("View > Devices by connection"), the device appears as a "USB Serial Converter" with an additional COM port with the label "USB Serial Port".



Please note:

1. For multiple-port converter, each port has to be installed with the driver individually, i.e. you have to repeat this installation procedure 2 times (2-port converter) or 4 times (for 4-port converter).
2. If you have any difficulties with the drivers we provided in this CD, you may download the updated or appropriate versions from FTDI Web site:
www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/VCP.htm, supported device "FT232BL(M)".

Uninstalling Instruction

When uninstalling devices from Windows 2000, it should always be done through the Add/Remove Programs utility as this uses the FTDI driver uninstaller program to remove files and registry entries to leave a clean system. Other methods may leave fragments of the driver that may interfere with future installations.

Disconnect any devices that are attached to the PC.

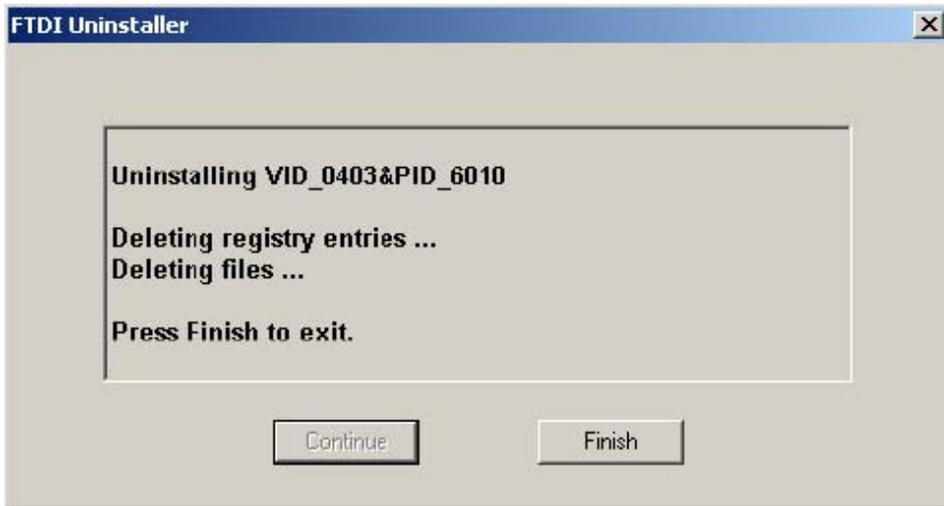
Open the Add/Remove Programs utility located in "Control Panel\Add/Remove Programs ".Select "FTDI USB Serial Converter Drivers" from the list of installed programs.



Click the "Change/Remove" button. This will run the FTDI uninstaller program. Click "Continue" to run the uninstaller or "Cancel" to exit.



When the uninstaller has finished removing the device from the system, the caption on the "Cancel" button will change to "Finish". Click "Finish" to complete the process.



Troubleshooting

1. Windows 2000 cannot find drivers for my device

This error can occur if the VID and PID programmed into the device EEPROM do not match those listed in the INF files for the driver. The VID and PID programmed into the device EEPROM may be found by using the USBView utility from the FTDI web site. These can then be checked against the VID and PID entries in the driver INF files. If they do not match, that driver cannot be installed for that device without either re-programming the device EEPROM or modifying the list of VID and PID numbers in the INF files. Please note that only your own company VID and PID or FTDI's VID (0x0403) and FTDI PID issued for use by your company should be used in the EEPROM and INF/INI files.

2. Windows 2000 forces a reboot after installing a device

This problem can occur if an application is accessing a file while the New Hardware Wizard is trying to copy it. This usually occurs with the FTD2XX.DLL file. Selecting not to restart the computer then unplugging and re-plugging the device may allow the device to function properly without restarting. Restarting the machine will allow the device to work correctly.

3. Driver installation fails and Windows 2000 gives error code 10

Windows error code 10 indicates a hardware error or failed driver installation. This error may appear if a device has insufficient power to operate correctly (e.g. plugged into a bus powered hub with other devices), or may indicate a more serious hardware problem. Also, it may be indicative of USB root hub drivers being incorrectly installed. Please refer to the example schematics on the FTDI web site for standard device configurations.

4. The device hangs randomly during operation under Windows 2000

This is not caused by the driver, but is a hardware compatibility problem. Some newer USB 2.0 hubs and host controllers can be susceptible to noise and can cause random device failures. This can be overcome by fitting 47pF capacitors to ground on the USB DP and USB DM lines on the USB connector side of the 27W series resistors.

Windows CE Installation Guide

Download the latest available drivers for the required processor model from the FTDI website and unzip them, the critical files in the driver package are:

ftdi_ser.dll - the VCP driver file

FTDIPORT.inf - user changeable file to allow devices with custom VID and PID combinations to be installed

Copy all of the unzipped files to the \\Windows directory on the PDA.

If the PDA requires a host adaptor (e.g. USB host cable, presentation pack or Compact Flash host card), make sure that it is connected and installed before proceeding.

Connect the FTDI device to a host USB port on the PDA. This will provide a dialog box to direct Windows CE to the driver files.

Type the full name of the VCP driver file into the dialog box as shown below. If the file name is incorrect, the driver will not be found and the device will not function.



The device installation is now complete. The installation may be verified using the test program available from the Utilities page of the FTDI website.

Please note:

1. For multiple-port converter, each port has to be installed with the driver individually, i.e. you have to repeat this installation procedure 2 times (2-port converter) or 4 times (for 4-port converter).
2. If you have any difficulties with the drivers we provided in this CD, you may download the updated or appropriate versions from FTDI Web site:
www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/VCP.htm, supported device "FT232BL(M)".

Troubleshooting

1. "Unidentified USB Device" dialog is not displayed when device is connected for the first time

If the "Unidentified USB Device" dialog is not displayed when the device is connected for the first time, it is likely that the PDA does not have a USB host capability or that the host is not installed correctly. Many PDAs require some form of adaptor (USB host cable, presentation pack or Compact Flash USB host card) to provide the USB host capability that FTDI devices require.

2. "Error installing USB driver ftdi_d2xx.dll" message

The following installation error may be displayed for a number of reasons:



The driver name has been misspelt. The ".dll" file extension may be required for some platforms. The required driver files are not in the \\Windows directory. The driver file is in the wrong binary format.

3. "Error installing USB driver ftdi_ser.dll" message

The following installation error may be displayed for a number of reasons:



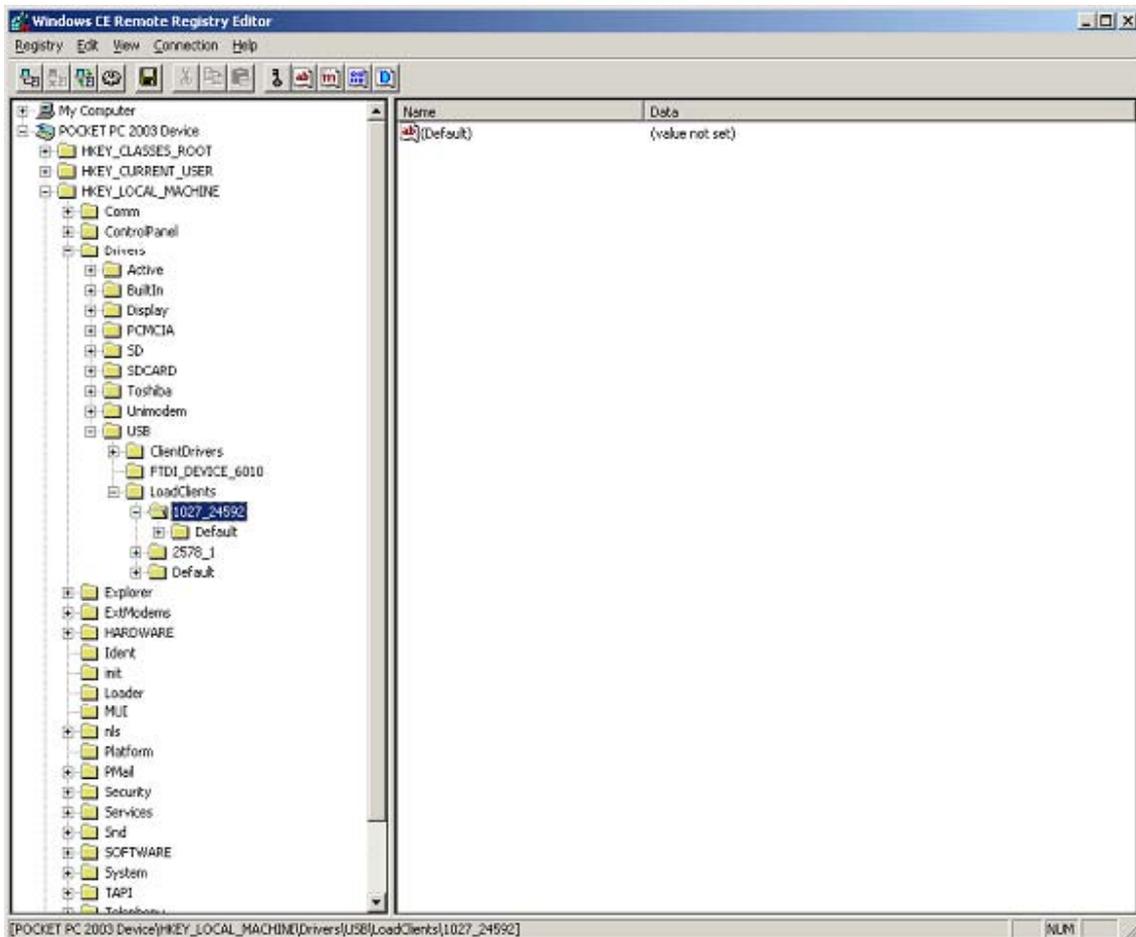
The driver name has been miss pelt · The ".dll" file extension may be required for some platforms · The required driver files are not in the \\Windows directory · The driver file is in the wrong binary format

4. "Unidentified USB Device" appears each time the driver name is entered

This error can be caused when the VID and PID listed in the INF file does not match the VID and PID combination programmed into the device. It can also be caused if the INF file has not been copied to the \\Windows directory.



One way to check this is to use the Registry editor that comes with Embedded Visual C++ (or a suitable registry editor on the Windows CE device itself) to check for the registry settings (Tools > Remote Registry Editor). With ActiveSync running, connect to your device then look at the registry setting
KEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Drivers\USB\LoadClients\



In this case, the entry is 1027_24592, which corresponds to a VID of 0x0403 (1027) and a PID of 0x6010 (24592) device. If this is not the device to be installed, the message will recur.

To solve the problem, the INF files must be edited to accommodate the required VID and PID. For the D2XX drivers, edit the bold red entries in the following line in the ftd2xx.inf file:

```
[FtdiHw] "FTDI Dual device"=FTDI,USB&VID_0403&PID_6010
```

For the VCP drivers, edit the bold red entries in the following line in the FTDIPOINT.inf:

```
[FtdiHw] %VID_0403&PID_6010.DeviceDesc%=FtdiPort232,FTDIBUS\COMPORT&VID_0403&PID_6010
```

5. Device can write but cannot read

If the hardware does not work correctly under Windows 2000 or Windows XP then the problem is most likely a hardware issue. Windows CE is not very tolerant of noisy hardware, so even "good" designs for Windows 2000 and XP may experience problems with Windows CE.

Another issue that has arisen with Windows CE is that different host devices support different bulk transfer sizes. One method to attempt to resolve this is to reduce In Transfer Size to 64. This is the smallest possible transfer size and will have a severe effect on performance, but should resolve most other issues. Larger values may be tried to improve performance.

If a USB host CF card is being used, it may help to set the Raton bit in the configuration settings.

6. Bytes missing or data corrupt

This can occur when a host driver fails to send vendor commands properly which can result in the device running at a different Baud rate to the one intended. The Baud rate can be verified easily by transferring data from PDA/target to HyperTerminal. Some host device drivers have been seen to lose packets of data which would also cause this problem.

7. Driver isn't sending or receiving any data

Sending and receiving data can be tested with an application such as VCPTTest. However, this will not highlight problems due to incorrect Baud rates. To check for the wrong Baud rate being set, try to transfer data from the PDA/target to and from HyperTerminal.

Windows XP Installation Guide

1. Installing Via the Found New Hardware Wizard

If a device of the same type has been installed on your machine before and the drivers that are about to be installed are different from those installed already, the original drivers need to be uninstalled. Please refer to the Uninstalling instruction.

Download the latest available drivers from the FTDI web site and unzip them to a location on your PC.

If you are running Windows XP or Windows XP SP 1, temporarily disconnect your PC from the Internet. This can be done by either removing the network cable from your PC or by disabling your network card by going to the "Control Panel\Network and Dial Up Connections", right clicking on the appropriate connection and selecting "Disable" from the menu. The connection can be re enabled after the installation is complete. This is not necessary under Windows XP SP 2 if configured to ask before connecting to Windows Update. Windows XP SP 2 can have the settings for Windows Update changed through "Control Panel\System" then select the "Hardware" tab and click "Windows Update".

Connect the device to a spare USB port on your PC. If the device is based on the FT2232, the Microsoft composite device driver is automatically loaded in the background. Once the composite driver has been installed Windows Found New Hardware Wizard will launch. If there is no available Internet connection or Windows XP SP 2 is configured to ask before connecting to Windows Update, the screen shown in Figure 2.1 is displayed. Select "No, not this time" from the options available and then click "Next" to proceed with the installation. If there is an available Internet connection, Windows XP will silently connect to the Windows Update website and install any suitable driver it finds for the device in preference to the driver manually selected.



Figure 2.1

Select "Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)" as shown in Figure 2.2 below and then click "Next".

Select "Search for the best driver in these locations" and enter the file path in the combo box ("C:\CDM 2.02.04" in Figure 2.3 below) or browse to it by clicking the browse button. Once the file path has been entered in the box, click next to proceed.



Figure 2.3

If Windows XP is configured to warn when unsigned (non WHQL certified) drivers are about to be installed, the message dialogue shown in Figure 2.4 will be displayed unless installing a Microsoft WHQL certified driver. Click on "Continue Anyway" to continue with the installation. If Windows XP is configured to ignore file signature warnings, no message will appear.

The screen shown in Figure 2.5 will be displayed as Windows XP copies the required driver files.



Figure 2.4



Figure 2.5

Windows should then display a message indicating that the installation was successful (Figure 2.6). Click "Finish" to complete the installation for the first port of the device.

If the device is based on the FT2232, the Found New Hardware Wizard will continue by installing the USB Serial Converter driver for the second port of the FT2232 device. The procedure for installing the second port is identical to that for installing the first port from the first screen of the Found New Hardware Wizard. This is done automatically if the driver is Microsoft WHQL certified. If the device is not based on the FT2232, the COM port emulation driver is loaded as indicated in the following steps.

The Found New Hardware Wizard will launch automatically to install the COM port emulation drivers. As above, select "No, not this time" From the options and click "Next" to proceed with the installation (Figure 2.7).



Figure 2.6



Figure 2.7

Select "Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)" as shown in Figure 2.8 below and then click "Next".

Select "Search for the best driver in these locations" and enter the file path in the combo box ("C:\CDM 2.02.04" in figure 2.9 below) or browse to it by clicking the browse button. Once the file path has been entered in the box, click next to proceed.



Figure 2.8



Figure 2.9

If Windows XP is configured to warn when unsigned (non WHQL certified) drivers are about to be installed, the message dialogue shown in Figure 2.10 will be displayed unless installing a Microsoft WHQL certified driver. Click on "Continue Anyway" to continue with the installation. If Windows XP is configured to ignore file signature warnings, no message will appear.

The screen shown in Figure 2.11 will be displayed as Windows XP copies the required driver files.



Figure 2.10

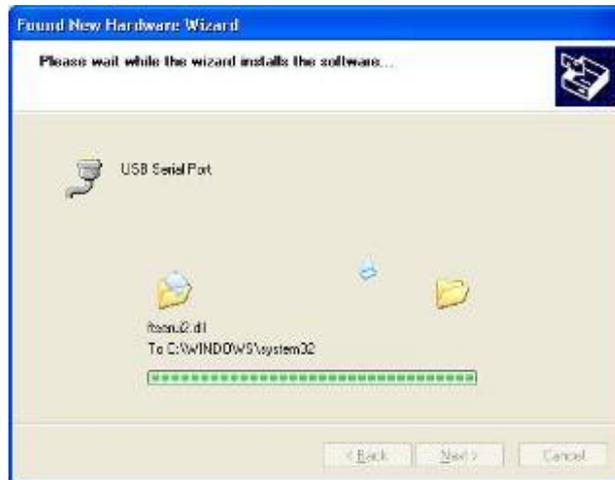


Figure 2.11

Windows should then display a message indicating that the installation was successful (Figure 2.12). Click "Finish" to complete the installation for the first port of the device.

If the device is based on the FT2232, the second port must also be installed. The procedure for installing the second port is identical to that for installing the first port from the first screen of the Found New Hardware Wizard for the USB Serial Port device. If the driver is Microsoft WHQL certified, this is done automatically.

Open the Device Manager (located in "Control Panel\System" then select the "Hardware" tab and click "Device Manger") and select "View > Devices by Connection", the device appears as a "USB Serial Converter" with an additional COM port with the label "USB Serial Port" (Figure 2.13). If the device is based on the FT2232, two ports will be available from a composite USB device.

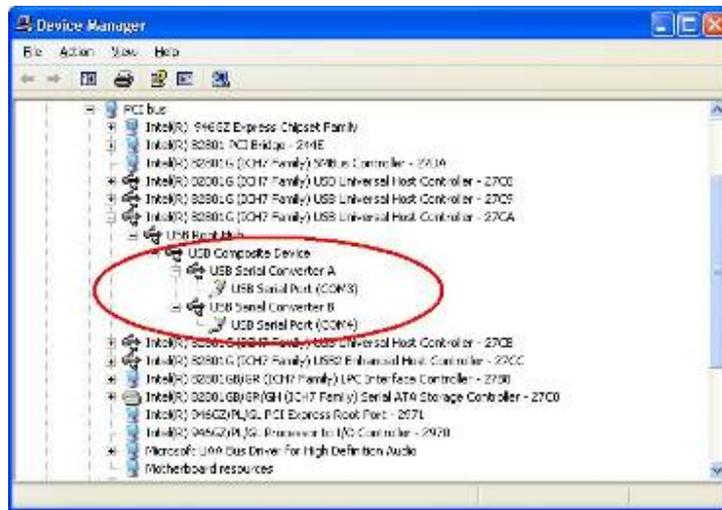


Figure 2.14

2. Installing Using DPNst

In the case of a Microsoft WHQL certified driver package, it is possible to preinstall the driver package using the Microsoft Driver Install Frameworks (DIFx) tools. The simplest tool provided is the Driver Package Installer (DPInst). When placed in the same directory as the INF files for the driver package, simply run DPInst.exe and the certified driver package will be installed on the machine.

The current driver package supports 32bit and 64bit systems through common INF files. DPInst has separate executables for 32bit and 64bit installation. This means that if a single solution is desired for 32bit and 64bit systems, the developer must be able to detect which version of DPInst is required for the system the driver is being installed on.

For more information on DPInst, see the FTDI Windows Driver Installation application note.

3. Installing From Windows Update

If a certified driver is available for the target operating system, it is possible to install the driver from the Windows Update web site.

Directions to install the driver from Windows Update are very similar to those outlined in 2.1 Installing Via The New Hardware Wizard, except that the "Yes, this time only" or "Yes, now and every time I connect a device" option should be selected on the first screen of the wizard when asked if Windows Update should be checked for a driver. If the wizard finds a matching driver on Windows Update, the driver will be automatically downloaded and installed for the device.

Please note:

1. For multiple-port converter, each port has to be installed with the driver individually, i.e. you have to repeat this installation procedure 2 times (2-port converter) or 4 times (for 4-port converter).
2. If you have any difficulties with the drivers we provided in this CD, you may download the updated or appropriate versions from FTDI Web site:
www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/VCP.htm, supported device "FT232BL(M)".

Uninstalling Instruction

Consequently, a new method for uninstalling has to be used. Devices can be removed using the Device Manager by simply right clicking on the device and selecting "Uninstall". This will delete the associated registry entries for that device only.

Under Windows XP, driver files and OEM INF and PNF files must be removed manually or by using a custom application. OEM INF and PNF files are located in the Windows\Inf directory and can be identified by searching for a VID and PID string matching the device installed e.g. VID_0403&PID_6001. Once the matching OEM INF files are found (e.g. oem10.inf for FTDIBUS.INF and oem11.inf for FTDIPORT.INF), the corresponding PNF files must also be removed (e.g. oem10.pnf and oem11.pnf). Driver files are located in the Windows\System32 and Windows\System32\Drivers directories.

Some points to note about this uninstallation method:

In the case of FT2232 devices, a composite device is also installed. This can also be removed by right clicking on the composite device in the Device Manager and selecting "Uninstall".

If the VCP driver has been installed, the COM port driver should be removed before the bus driver. If the bus is removed first, the COM port will no longer appear in the Device Manager.

If the driver files are deleted while other installed devices still require them those devices will not work correctly. This can be fixed by right clicking the device and selecting "Reinstall Driver" which will replace the missing files.

If a device to be uninstalled is not connected to the PC, the device can still be removed by setting the device manager to show phantom devices. This can also allow a virtual COM port to be uninstalled if the bus layer has been removed first. Instructions on how to display phantom devices are given in the Advanced Driver Options application note.

Troubleshooting

1. Windows XP cannot find Drivers for My Device

This error can occur if the VID and PID programmed into the device EEPROM do not match those listed in the INF files for the driver. The VID and PID programmed into the device EEPROM may be found by using the USB View utility from the FTDI web site. These can then be checked against the VID and PID entries in the driver INF files. If they do not match, that driver cannot be installed for that device without either reprogramming the device EEPROM or modifying the list of VID and PID numbers in the INF files.

Please note that only your own company VID and PID or FTDI's VID (0x0403) and FTDI PID issued for use by your company should be used in the EEPROM and INF/INI files.

End customers should obtain modified drivers from the OEM of the device, and not necessarily edit the files themselves.

2. Windows XP Forces a Reboot after Installing a Device

This problem can occur if an application is accessing a file while the New Hardware Wizard is trying to copy it. This usually occurs with the FTD2XX.DLL file. Selecting not to restart the computer then unplugging and re-plug the device may allow the device to function properly without restarting. Restarting the machine will allow the device to work correctly.

3. Driver Installation Fails and Windows XP Gives Error Code 10

Windows error code 10 indicates a hardware error or failed driver installation. This error may appear if a device has insufficient power to operate correctly (e.g. plugged into a bus powered hub with other devices), or may indicate a more serious hardware problem. Also, it may be indicative of USB root hub drivers being incorrectly installed.

Please refer to the example schematics on the FTDI web site for standard device configurations. If the error persists, please contact the FTDI support department.

4. Windows XP Displays an Error And Then Terminates Installation

If the following screen is displayed with this message, Windows XP has been configured to block the installation of any drivers that are not WHQL certified.



Figure 4.1

Two options are available to successfully install the device. Either a certified version of the driver can be installed (if available) or the driver signing options can be changed to either warn or ignore to allow the installation to complete.

To change the current driver signing setting, go to "Control Panel\System", click on the "Hardware" tab and then click "Driver Signing". The desired signing option may then be selected.

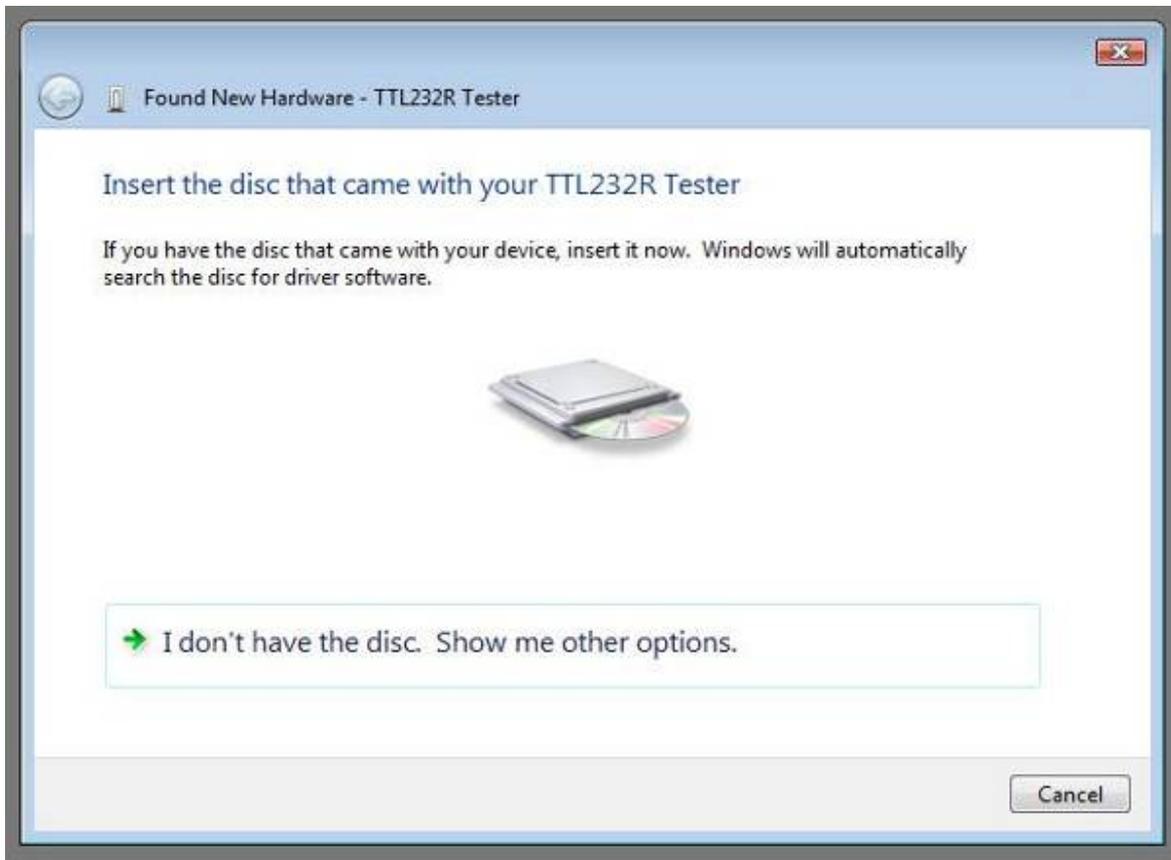
Windows VISTA (Win 7, Win 8) Installation Guide

Connect the device to a spare USB port on your PC.

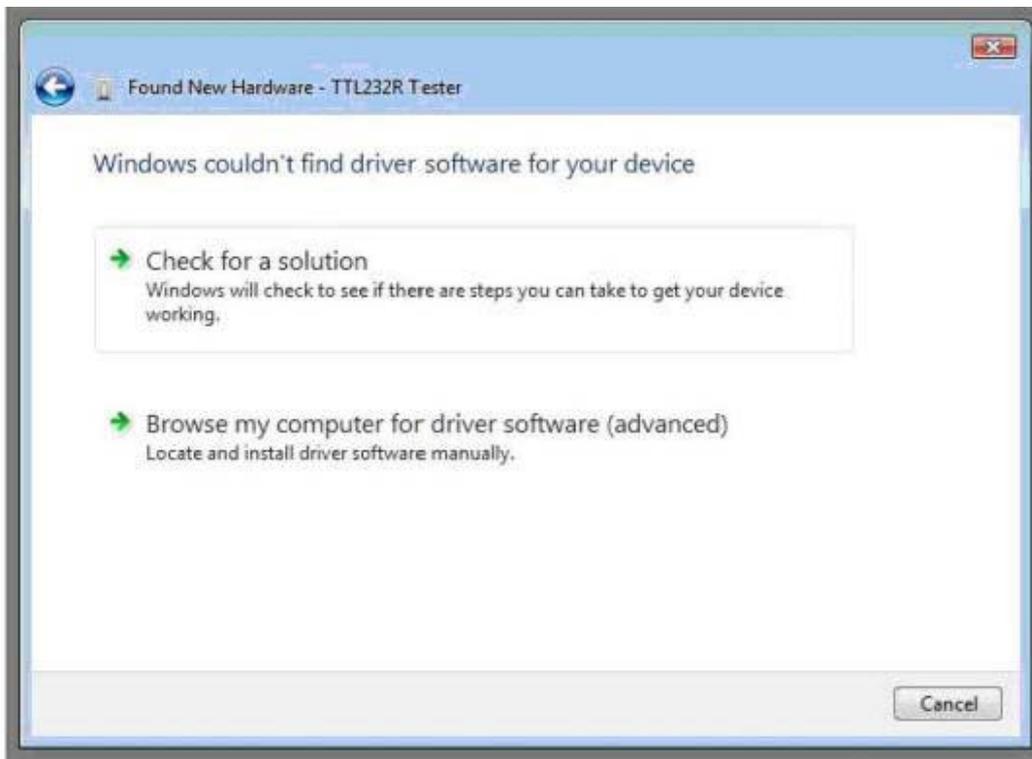
If there is an available Internet connection, Windows VISTA will silently connect to the Windows Update website and install any suitable driver it finds for the device in preference to the driver manually selected. If no suitable driver is automatically found then the following procedure should be followed.



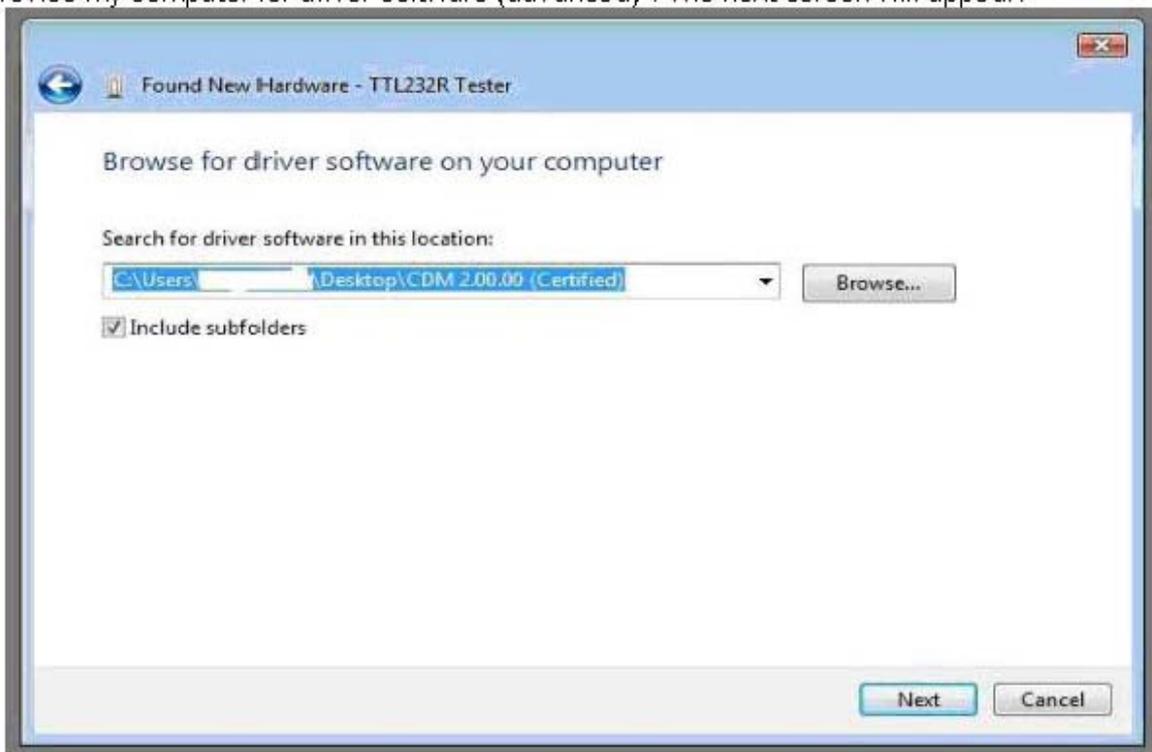
When locate and install driver software (recommended)" is selected the following screen will appear. Note: the text "TTL Tester" is replaced with the description of the customer hardware.



Select "I don't have the disc. Show me other options" The next screen will appear.



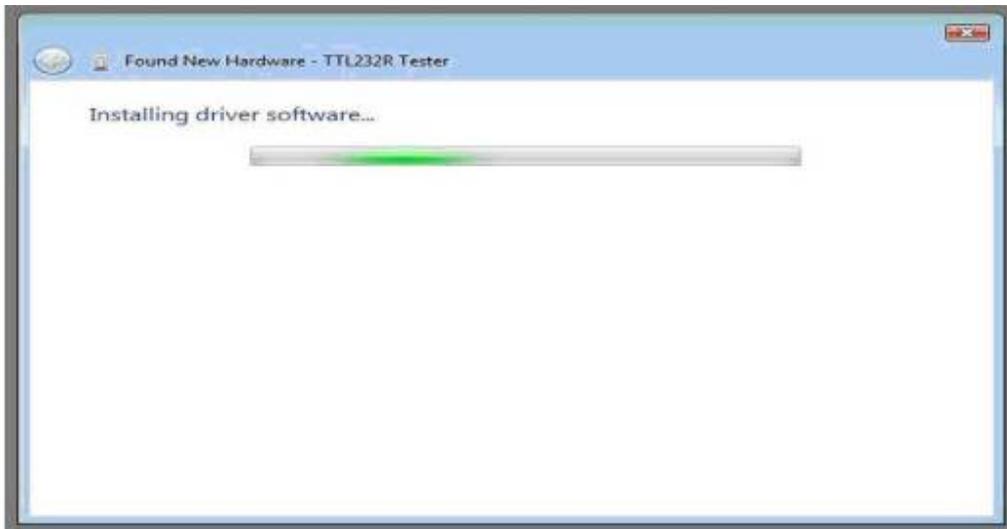
Select "Browse my computer for driver software (advanced)". The next screen will appear.



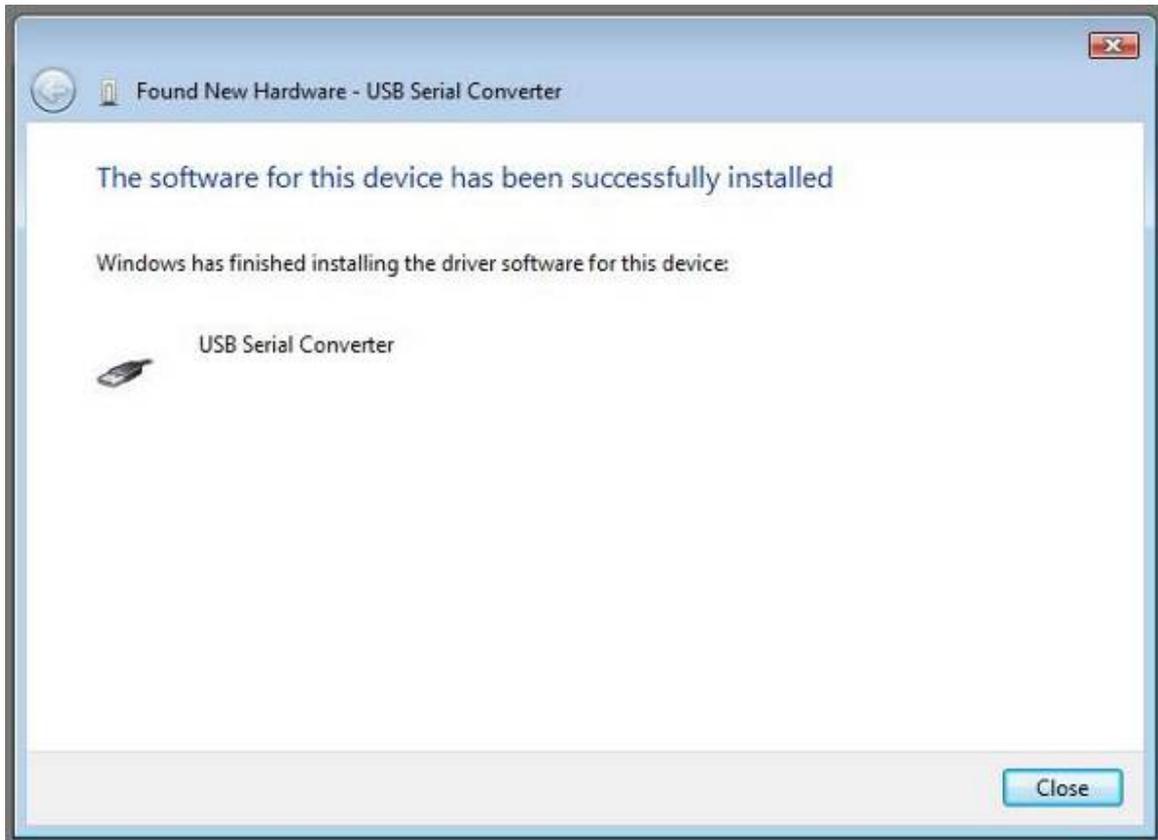
Browse to the folder where the CDM driver has been stored (when uncompressed) and press “Next”

The example shown above uses a folder on the desktop.

The next screen will appear



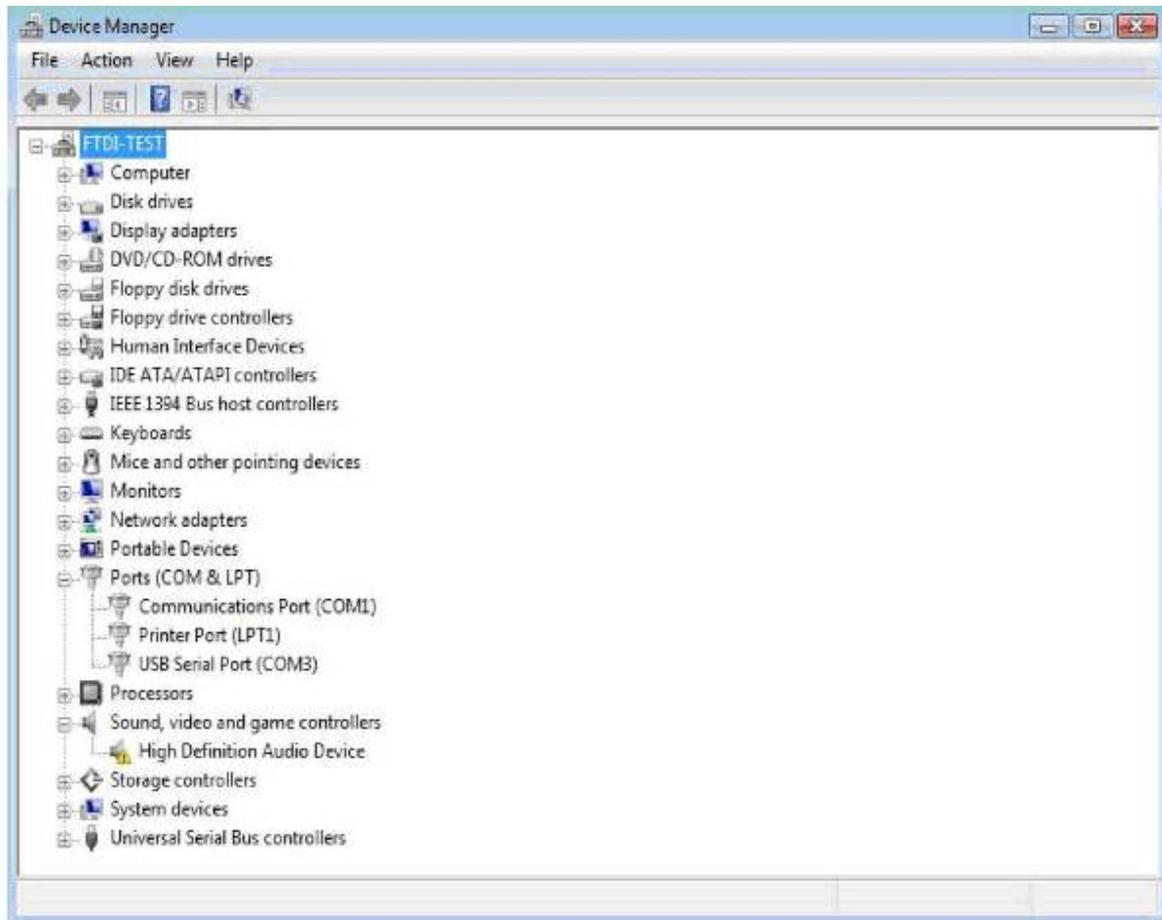
This screen will automatically complete and then change to the one below:



The bus layer of the driver is now installed.

After the driver is installed it is important to determine which COM port has been assigned to the device for configuring the application that will use the device.

Open the Device Manager (located in "Control Panel\System" then select the "Hardware" tab and click "Device Manager") and select "View > Devices by Connection", the device appears as a "USB Serial Converter" with an additional COM port with the label "USB Serial Port".



This screen shows the device connected to COM3.

Please note:

1. For multiple-port converter, each port has to be installed with the driver individually, i.e. you have to repeat this installation procedure 2 times (2-port converter) or 4 times (for 4-port converter).
2. If you have any difficulties with the drivers we provided in this CD, you may download the updated or appropriate versions from FTDI Web site:
www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/VCP.htm, supported device "FT232BL(M)".

Uninstalling Instruction

With the release of Microsoft Windows Vista, the FTDI uninstaller has been rendered unusable due to Windows Resource Protection preventing the executable from deleting driver files and associated registry values. Vista will only allow the system itself to modify files and registry values in these locations.

Consequently, a new method for uninstalling is required. Devices can be removed using the Device Manager by simply right clicking on the mouse and selecting "Uninstall". This will delete the associated registry entries for that device only. Vista provides an automatic method to delete driver



Windows 2000, XP and Server 2003 do not have this check box, so driver files and OEM INF and PNF files must be removed manually or by using a custom application.

Some points to note about the new uninstallation method:

In the case of FT2232 devices, a composite device is also installed. This can also be removed by right clicking and selecting "Uninstall". There is no option to delete the driver files when doing this as the driver for the composite device is a native Windows driver.

If the VCP driver has been installed, the COM port driver should be uninstalled before the bus driver. If the bus is removed first, the COM port will no longer appear in the Device Manager.

If the files are deleted while other installed devices still require them those devices will not work correctly. This can be fixed by right clicking the device and selecting "Reinstall Driver" which will replace the missing files.

If a device to be uninstalled is not connected to the PC, the device can still be removed by setting the device manager to show phantom devices. This also allows a virtual COM port to be uninstalled if the bus layer has been removed first.

Troubleshooting

1. Windows VISTA can not find drivers for my device

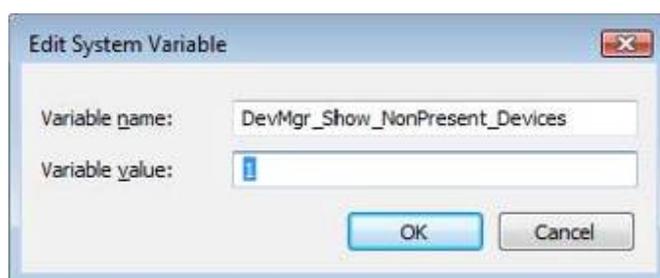
This error can occur if the VID and PID programmed into the device EEPROM do not match those listed in the INF files for the driver. The VID and PID programmed into the device EEPROM may be found by using the USB View utility from the FTDI web site. These can then be checked against the VID and PID entries in the driver INF files. If they do not match, that driver cannot be installed for that device without either reprogramming the device EEPROM or modifying the list of VID and PID numbers in the INF files. Please note that only your own company VID and PID or FTDI's VID (0x0403) and FTDI PID issued for use by the customer should be used in the EEPROM and INF files.

End customers should obtain modified drivers from the OEM of the device, and not necessarily edit the files themselves.

2. Devices not shown in Device Manager for uninstalling

Devices that have been installed on a system but are not currently available are referred to as "phantom devices". These devices are not usually displayed in the device manager, but can be made to be displayed as though they are attached. This allows device properties to be changed or devices to be uninstalled via Device Manger even though the device is not physically connected to the PC.

To display phantom devices in Device Manager, a new system variable is required. Open "Control Panel > System" then select the "Advanced" tab and click "Environment Variables". In the System Variables section (NOT THE USER VARIABLES SECTION), click "New..." to display the following window:



Create a new System Variable called "DevMgr_Show_NonPresent_Devices" and set the value to 1, then click OK.

Open the Device Manager ("Control Panel > System" then select the "Hardware" tab and click "Device Manager...", or "Control Panel > Device Manger" in Vista) and select "View > Show Hidden Devices". Device Manager will then show all hidden and phantom devices available on that PC as shaded.

3. Windows Vista (Win 7, Win 8) shows a warning that the driver is not certified

If the driver is not certified then a pop up window such as shown below will be displayed.



If you are certain of the source of the driver the warning can be ignored and you can continue installation by selecting “Install this driver software anyway”.

4. Driver will not install on VISTA x64

VISTA x64 OS will only allow certified drivers to be installed. The certified driver supplied by FTDI will work with VID 0403 and PID 6001 for FT232 and FT245 devices. It will also work with VID 0403 and PID 6010 for FT2232 devices.

If you have a product where the manufacture has customized the driver but has not recertified it, then the driver will not load. You should contact your vendor to determine if they will support VISTA x64.

MAC OS X Installation Guide

Download the driver from the VCP Drivers section of the FTDI web site and save it to the hard disk. The driver is now available in disk image (.dmg) format. Run the installer by double clicking on the FTDIUSBSerialDriver.dmg icon.



Click Continue to proceed with the installation and follow the instructions on screen.

When the installation is complete, reboot the computer.



When the computer has rebooted, plug in the device. If the device is installed properly, you will see entries in the `/dev` directory:

```
/dev/cu.usbserial-xxxxxxx  
/dev/tty.usbserial-xxxxxxx
```

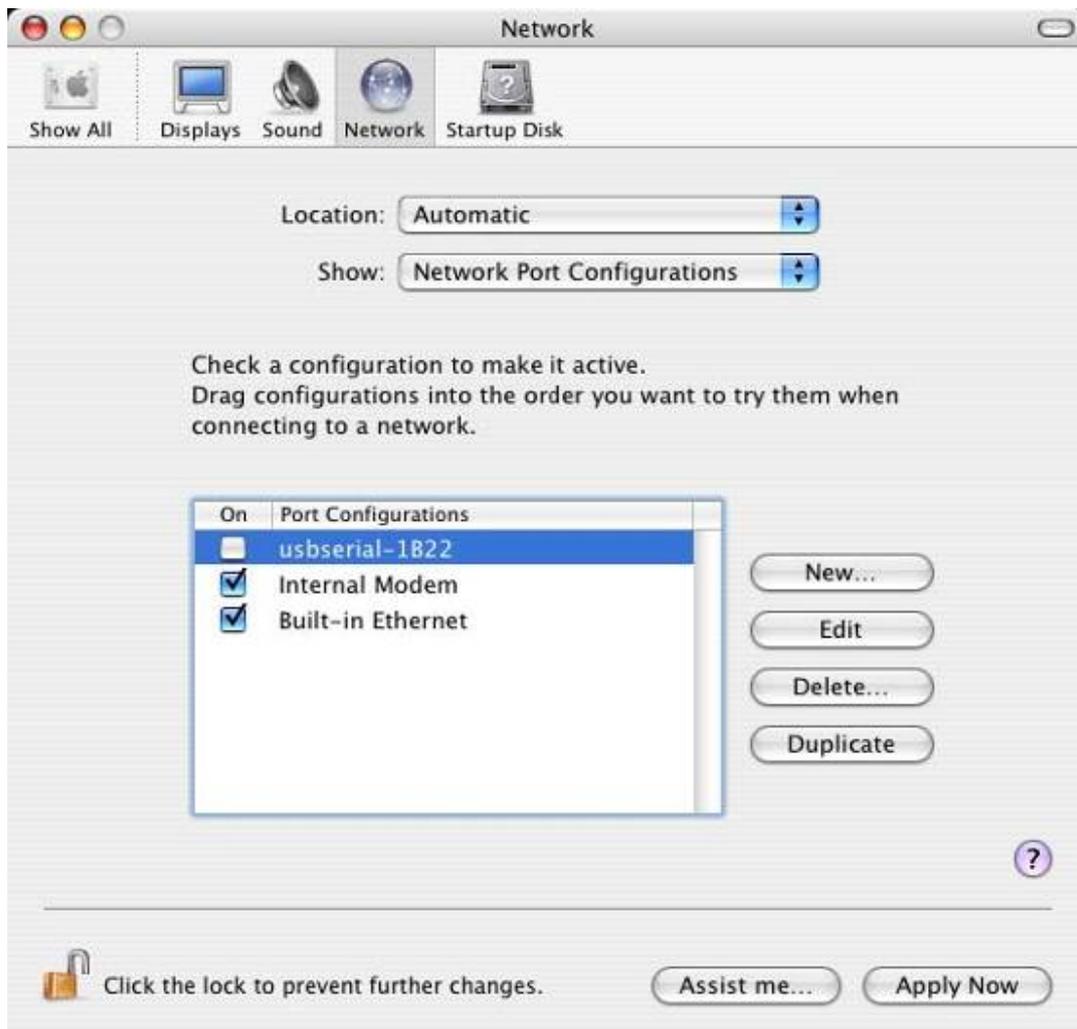
Where `xxxxxxx` is either the device's serial number or, for unserialized devices, a location string that depends on which USB port your device is connected to. The Terminal application can be launched by selecting `Go > Applications > Utilities > Terminal`. Type the following lines in the Terminal window to produce the file list:

```
cd /dev  
ls-l
```

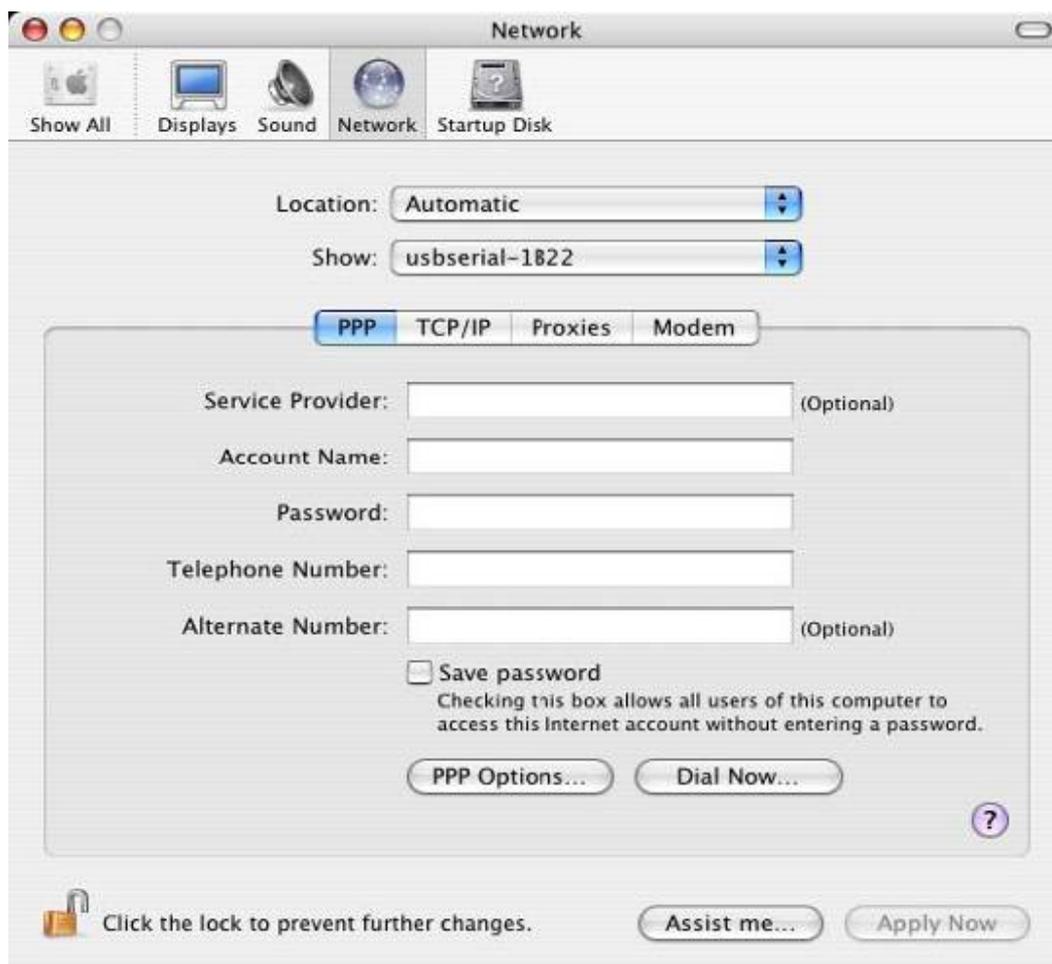
If you run the application System Preferences and select Network (`Go > Applications > System Preferences > Network`), you should see the text "New Port Detected".



Click OK and select Network Port Configurations from the show list. The new port can be enabled from this screen by checking the on box and clicking Apply Now.



At this point, it is possible to exit Network and use the device as a COM port. If you wish to set the device up a modem for an Internet connection, select the new port from the show list to display the window below.



Entries for this screen are specific to the Internet account for each user. If you do not know the required details, contact your Internet service provide

Please note:

1. For multiple-port converter, each port has to be installed with the driver individually, i.e. you have to repeat this installation procedure 2 times (2-port converter) or 4 times (for 4-port converter).
2. If you have any difficulties with the drivers we provided in this CD, you may download the updated or appropriate versions from FTDI Web site:
www.ftdichip.com/Drivers/VCP.htm, supported device "FT232BL(M)".

Uninstalling instruction

To remove the drivers from Mac OS X, the user must be logged on as root. Root is a reserved username that has the privileges required to access all files.

Start a Terminal session (Go > Applications > Utilities > Terminal) and enter the following commands at the command prompt:

```
cd /System/Library/Extensions
rm -r FTDIUSBSerialDriver.kext
cd /Library/Receipts
rm -r FTDIUSBSerialDriver.kext
```

The driver will then be removed from the system.

To remove the port from the system, run the application System Preferences and select Network. Selecting Network Port Configurations from the Show menu will display the port as greyed out. Select the uninstalled port and click Delete. Confirm the deletion to remove the port.



Troubleshooting

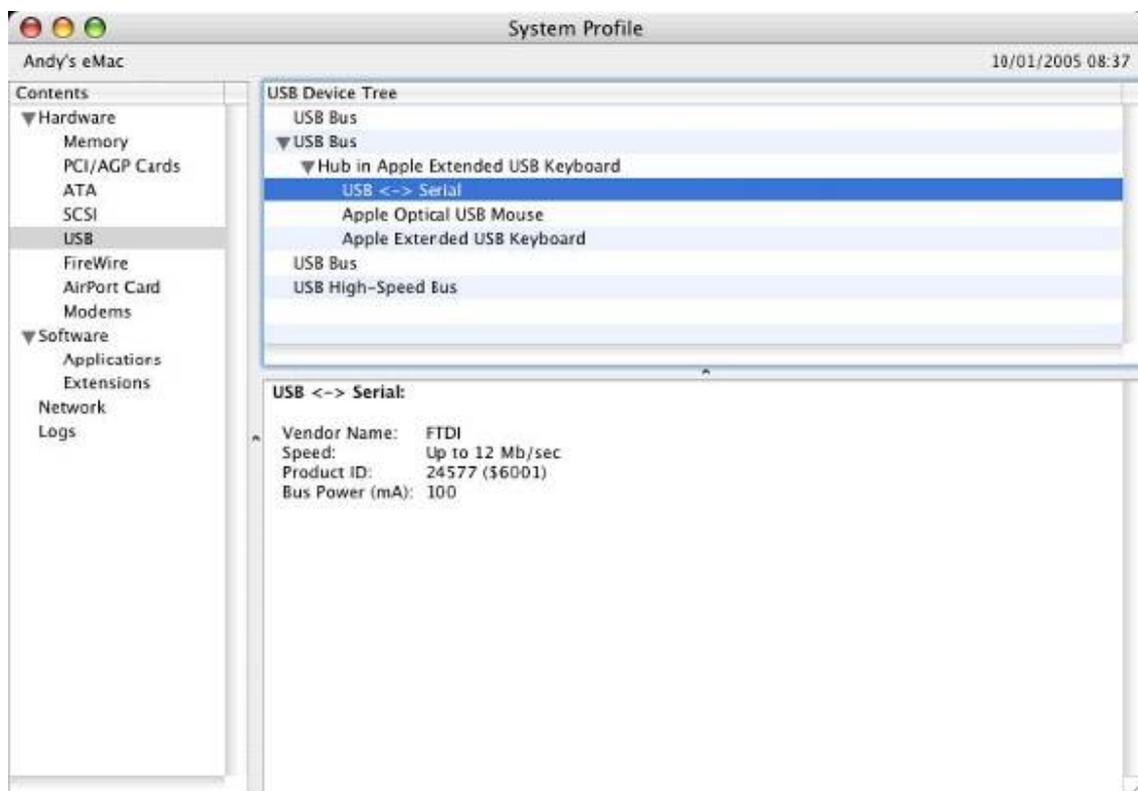
1. How do I know what my device ID is?

Launch the System Profiler utility, or Apple System Profiler for earlier versions of OS X. This can be accessed by going to the Finder and selecting Applications from the Go menu, then open the Utilities folder. Select USB under Hardware in the pane to the left and then select the appropriate device from the USB Device Tree. In the screen shot below (from OS 10.3), the device has a device ID given by:

Vendor Name: FTDI

Product ID: 24577 (\$6001)

A Vendor Name of FTDI is equivalent to a Vendor ID of 1027 (\$0403).



If the device does not work after installing the driver, it is likely to be because the PID is not supported by the driver. If this is the case, contact FTDI Support with the PID that needs to be added to the driver. If the VID is not 0x0403, it is likely that the device is not an FTDI device and we cannot support it.

2. The device does not appear in the /dev directory or the text "New Port Detected" is not displayed in System Preferences-Network

FTDI USBSerial Driver does not support your device ID (VID and PID). Disable the EEPROM so that the device reverts to its default device ID, then replug. To get support for your device ID built into FTDI USBSerial Driver, contact FTDI quoting your device ID and a description of your device.

3. The device cannot be accessed even though the device ID is Supported in FTDI USB Serial Driver

An ownership or permissions problem is preventing the system from making the device accessible. Check that the driver is owned by root and wheel. The most common symptom is the group for FTDI USBSerial Driver is not wheel. To change the group, login as root and perform the following script in a Terminal window (Go > Applications > Utilities > Terminal):

```
cd /system/library/extensions  
chgrp -R wheel FTDIUSBSerialDriver.kext
```

Reboot for the change to take effect.

4. How do I open a Terminal window?

A Terminal window can be started by selecting Go > Applications > Utilities > Terminal .The terminal window is equivalent to a DOS prompt in Windows.

6. Regulatory Compliance

CE/FCC & Recycling Information

CE Certification

This equipment complies with the requirements relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility Standards EN55022/EN55024 and the further Standards cited therein. It must be used with shielded cables only. It has been manufactured under the scope of RoHS compliance.

FCC Certification

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

You are cautioned that changes or modification not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void your authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation



***WEEE (Waste of Electrical and Electronic Equipment),
Recycling of Electronic Products***

In 2006 the European Union introduced regulations (WEEE) for the collection and recycling of all waste electrical and electronic equipment. It is no longer allowable to simply throw away electrical and electronic equipment. Instead, these products must enter the recycling process.

Each individual EU member state has implemented the WEEE regulations into national law in slightly different ways. Please follow your national law when you want to dispose of any electrical or electronic products. More details can be obtained from your national WEEE recycling agency.

